Your Deposit Account Agreement &

General Terms & Conditions
Electronic Transfers
Funds Availability

Effective February 13, 2023

Member FDIC
Frequently Asked Questions to Manage Your Account:

What common terms should I be aware of?
Definitions 3

What happens if my account becomes overdrawn?
Liability for Charges and Overdrafts 4
Transaction Posting Order 4
Insufficient Funds and Overdrafts 6
Overdraft Handling 7
Overdraft Protection Plans 8

Will this Deposit Account Agreement ever change?
Changes to Our Agreement with You 13

How do I close my account?
Closing Your Account 13

How can I expect to receive statements and other account communications?
Statements and Notices 13

How soon can I use my funds after making a deposit?
Funds Availability: Your Ability to Withdraw Funds – All Accounts
Determining the Availability of a Deposit – All Accounts 16
Immediate Availability – All Accounts 16
Longer Delays May Apply 17
Retail Consumer, Business and Commercial Accounts 17
Wealth Management Accounts 17
Deposits at Automated Teller Machines – Retail Consumer, Business and Commercial Accounts 17
Special Rules for New Accounts – Retail Consumer and Business Accounts 17
Cashing Checks 17
Other Accounts 17

How do I report an error or fraud on an electronic transaction in my account?
Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers 18
Electronic Banking Agreement for Business Customers 21
Funds Availability: Your Ability to Withdraw Funds – All Accounts
Determined the Availability of a Deposit – All Accounts 16
Immediate Availability – All Accounts 16
Longer Delays May Apply 17
Retail Consumer, Business and Commercial Accounts 17
Wealth Management Accounts 17
Deposits at Automated Teller Machines – Retail Consumer, Business and Commercial Accounts 17
Special Rules for New Accounts – Retail Consumer and Business Accounts 17
Cashing Checks 17
Other Accounts 17

Additional Terms for Business Accounts
Unlawful Internet Gambling and Other Illegal Transactions 17
Deposit of Pre-Authorized Drafts 17
Earnings Credit 18
Waiver of Notification of Redeposited Checks 18
Facsimile Signatures 18
Deposits 18
Fraud Prevention Measures 18

Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers
Types of Transactions 18
Limits on Transfers 19
Fees 19
Using Your Card for International Transactions 20
Advisory Against Illegal Use 20
Documentation 20
Preauthorized Payments 20
Our Liability 20
Unauthorized Transactions and Lost or Stolen Cards 20
Consumer Liability for Unauthorized Transfers 20
Minnesota Liability Disclosure 21
Business Days 21
Confidentiality 21
Error Resolution Notice 21
Notice of ATM/Night Deposit Facility User Precautions 21

Electronic Banking Agreement for Business Customers
Account Access 21
Limits on Transfers 22
Fees 22
Using Your Card for International Transactions 22
Balance Requirements 23
Unauthorized Transactions and Lost or Stolen Cards and Security 23
TERMS APPLICABLE TO ALL ACCOUNTS

THIS IS AN AGREEMENT

Welcome to U.S. Bank and thank you for opening an account with us. This Agreement provides the general rules that apply to the account(s) you have with U.S. Bank (“us”) described herein. Additional rules will be provided in:

1. disclosures we give you when you open your account for example our Consumer Pricing Information and Business Pricing Information disclosure(s) and other fee disclosures (Both can be obtained by stopping in a U.S. Bank branch or for the Consumer Pricing Information only, call 800-872-2657 to request a copy);
2. disclosures that are applicable to additional products and services (for example the Digital Services Agreement);
3. periodic statements;
4. user guides;
5. Consumer Privacy Pledge disclosure;
6. any appropriate means such as direct mail and notices on or with your statement, including any statements or notices delivered electronically; and
7. disclosures we give you about ATM and Debit Card Overdraft Coverage (applicable to certain consumer accounts, refer to the Insufficient Funds and Overdrafts section on page 6 for details).

These things, together, are an agreement between you and U.S. Bank.

Please read this carefully and retain it for future reference. This disclosure is revised periodically, so it may include changes from earlier versions.

By providing a written or electronic signature on a signature card or other agreement or contract, opening, or continuing to hold an account with us, you agree to the most recent version of this Agreement, which is available to you at your local U.S. Bank branch, at www.usbank.com, or by calling U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking at a number listed on the last page of this disclosure.

This Agreement represents the sole and exclusive agreement between you and us. This Agreement will control. Any other variations to this Agreement must be acknowledged in writing. If any terms of your signature card, resolution, or certificate of authority are inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement, the terms of this Agreement will control. Any other variations to this Agreement must be acknowledged by us in writing.

If you have any questions, please call us. Our most commonly used phone numbers are printed on the back of this disclosure.

DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply in this Agreement except to the extent any term is separately defined for purposes of a specific section.

- The words “we,” “our,” and “us” mean U.S. Bank National Association (“U.S. Bank”). We are a national bank. We are owned by U.S. Bancorp.
- U.S. Bancorp and U.S. Bank own or control other companies, directly and indirectly. The members of this family of companies are our “affiliates.” The words “you” and “your” mean each account owner and anyone else with authority to deposit, withdraw, or exercise control over an account. If there is more than one owner, then these words mean each account owner separately, and all account owners jointly.
- The term “account” means any savings, transaction (for example, checking, NOW Account), and time deposit (for example, certificate of deposit or CD) account or other type of account you have with us, wherever held or maintained.
- An “owner” is one who has the power to deal with an account in his, her or its own name. An “agent,” in contrast, is one whose power to withdraw from an account comes from, or is on behalf of, the owners. Authorized signers, designated corporate officers, trustees, attorneys-in-fact, and convenience signers are examples of agents.
- Entities such as corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, estates, conservatorships, and trusts are not natural persons, and can only act through agents. In such cases, it is the “entity” that is the owner.
- “Personal accounts” are consumer accounts in the names of natural persons (individuals). They are to be distinguished from “non-personal accounts” which are accounts in the name of businesses, partnerships, trusts and other entities.
- An “account cycle” or “statement cycle” represents the period of time when your statement starts and ends. It’s approximately 30 days long but doesn’t necessarily align with the beginning and end of the month and won’t end on a weekend or holiday.

Except where it is clearly inappropriate, words and phrases used in this document should be interpreted so the singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular.

CELLULAR PHONE CONTACT POLICY

By providing us with a telephone number for a cellular phone or other wireless device, including a number that you later convert to a cellular number, you are expressly consenting to receiving communications— including but not limited to prerecorded or artificial voice message calls, text messages, and calls made by an automatic telephone dialing system— from and on behalf of our affiliates and agents at that number. This express consent applies to each such telephone number that you provide to us now or in the future and permits such calls for non-marketing purposes. Calls and messages may incur access fees from your cellular provider.

MONITORING AND RECORDING COMMUNICATIONS

You acknowledge and agree that we, or anyone acting on our behalf, may monitor and/or record any communication between you and us, or anyone acting on our behalf, for quality control and other purposes. You also acknowledge and agree that this monitoring or recording may be done without any further notice to you.

The communication that may be monitored or recorded includes telephone calls, cellular or mobile phone calls, electronic mail messages, text messages, instant or live chat, or any other communications in any form.

WAIVERS AND PRECEDENTS

Our Agreement with you gives us rights and duties. If we don’t take advantage of all our rights all the time that does not mean we lose them. For example:

- If we make funds available to you for withdrawal ahead of schedule, that does not mean we have to do it again.
- If we pay a check that is more than your account balance, that does not mean we have to do it again.

APPLICABLE LAW

Unless otherwise stated herein, your account and this Agreement will be governed by federal law and, unless superseded by federal law, by the law of the state in which your account is located. If you opened your account in person, it is located in the state in which you opened it. If you opened your account online, in the U.S. Bank Mobile App or by telephone and you reside in a state in which we have a branch at that time (or reside within 50 miles of a branch), it is located in the state in which the branch is located. If you reside anywhere else, then your Account is located in Minnesota.

CUSTOMER IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM NOTICE (USA PATRIOT ACT)

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account.

What this means for you
When you open an account, we will ask for your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask to see other identifying documents like a driver’s license or documents showing your existence as a legal entity.

Existing customers
Even if you have been a customer of ours for many years, we may ask you to provide this kind of information and documentation because we may not have collected it from you in the past or we may need to update our records.

Failure to Provide Information
If, for any reason, any owner is unable to provide the information necessary to verify their identity, their account(s) may be blocked or closed, which may result in additional fees assessed to the account(s).

OWNER’S AUTHORITY

Each owner of a personal account, or an agent for a non-personal account, acting alone, has the power to perform all the transactions available to the account. For example, each owner or agent can:

1. make withdrawals by whatever means are available for the account;
2. make deposits by whatever means are allowed for the account;
3. obtain and release information about the account;
4. sign or authenticate any document in connection with the account (for example, an owner can endorse a check payable to a co-owner for deposit to a joint account);
5. give rights to others to access the account (for example, any owner could grant a power of attorney to have access to the account); and
6. close the account.

In addition, if you share ownership of an account with someone else (for example, you have a joint or multi-party account), then each of you can endorse items for deposit to the account on behalf of another owner. If there is shared ownership of an account, it is the intention of all owners that each of you has complete and separate access and withdrawal rights to all the funds in the account irrespective of who had deposited the funds in the account.
AUTHORIZED ACCESS AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each owner of your account is independently permitted to authorize someone else to access your account. For example, the following persons will have access to your account:

1. Any person listed on a signature card, resolution, or certificate of authority as being authorized to make withdrawals or transfers, by check or otherwise, from your account;
2. Any person that you authorize to make withdrawals or transfers from the account by whatever means the account allows (for example, pre-authorized withdrawals, wire transfers, ATM card, or debit card transactions);
3. Any person you give rights to act on your behalf, such as a power of attorney;
4. Any person to whom you make your checkbook or your checking account number available for purposes of transacting business on the account. We discourage this type of “authorization” because it is possible that we will detect such transactions and treat them as unauthorized. If you give any such person authority, we are not responsible whether we honor the transactions or dishonor them; and
5. Any person to whom you make your ATM card or debit card personal identification number (PIN) available. Although we discourage this practice, by allowing this type of “authorization,” the person to whom you make your personal identification number (PIN) available may be able to access all of your accounts held with us by using the telephone, ATM, online or other banking access channels. If you give any person such “authority,” we are not responsible for actions they take with respect to your accounts.

We will use the word “agent” to mean any person who you authorize to act on your behalf, whether by following the process we require (for example, by designating an authorized signer on a signature card), or on your own (for example, by creating a power of attorney). If you name such an agent:

1. we may require that you use forms we approve and require each owner to sign the forms to be effective;
2. the powers you give to your agent, and any limitations on those powers, are between you and your agent, even if we have express written notice of those powers. You understand and agree that we have no duty or responsibility to monitor the acts of your agent or ensure that the acts of your agent are for your benefit. For example, if you only give your agent authority to pay your bills and your agent exceeds that authority, we are not responsible for that breach of authority;
3. you agree not to hold us responsible for any loss or damage you incur as a result of us following instructions given to us by your agent;
4. the owners of the account are responsible to us for any actions of your agent, regardless of whether those actions exceed the authority given or whether the agent is appointed by all the owners or less than all the owners;
5. the agency will end if the owner dies and we have actual knowledge of that death, or if there is more than one owner, the agency will end after the death of the last owner and we have actual knowledge of that death and, in either case, once we’ve had reasonable opportunity to act on it; and
6. the agency will end after the owner notifies us in writing to end the agency and we have had a reasonable opportunity to act on it; and
7. if you authorize any third person, such as a bookkeeping service, an employee, or agent of yours to retain possession of or prepare items, you agree to assume full responsibility for any errors or wrongdoing performed or caused by such third person or any of its agents or employees if we should pay any such item.

YOU CANNOT TRANSFER AN ACCOUNT

You may not transfer an account to someone else without our express written permission. This does not limit your right to access your account by any permissible means.

CHANGE IN AUTHORIZED SIGNERS

Any owner, including one of the owners of a joint account, may add owners or authorized signers to an account; however, we have the right to require the signature of all owners to make the change. Only under special circumstances and subject to prior approval by us may an owner remove another owner or authorized signer from an account.

No change in owners or authorized signers is effective until we have received written notice of the change and have had adequate time to approve and act on it.

ADJUSTMENTS

If we (or you, or you and us together) make an error on your account, we can fix the error without any special notice to you, though such a correction will normally appear on your statement if the error and the correction occur on different business days.

For accounts coded as Consumer and Business accounts, we may not adjust for insignificant errors unless you request it. For all other account types including Corporate and Commercial accounts, we may not adjust for deposit errors of $50.00 or less unless we have agreed with you to a lower adjustment amount.

RETENTION OF DOCUMENTS

You should retain your copy of deposit receipts and other documents associated with your deposit(s). Should you claim that a deposit was incorrectly credited, we may request a copy of your receipt or other documents associated with your deposits.

LIABILITY FOR CHARGES AND OVERDRAFTS

All account owner(s) are responsible to repay to us any overdraft amount and any overdraft fees charged to an account, no matter which owner caused it or why, subject to rights under the Electronic Fund Transfers Act. That repayment is due immediately, and we will take it from your next deposit or whenever funds become available in your account. If there is more than one owner, each owner is separately, and all owners are jointly, responsible for an overdraft and any account fees. (This means we can collect the total from any owner(s), on any of the owner(s) accounts, but we won’t collect it more than once). For more information on overdrafts please refer to the section titled Insufficient Funds and Overdrafts.

We list the charges that you may incur on your account in separate pricing information disclosures or agreements for your account.

TRANSACTION POSTING ORDER

We reserve the right to decide the order of the items we will pay and which items will be returned (if any). Our posting order may not be the same as the order in which you conducted a transaction and could result in overdraft fees, if you do not have available funds at the time the item is paid. Generally, we post the following three transaction types after the close of each business day in the following order:

1. Deposits we receive before the daily cutoff time will be posted before any withdrawals. (Refer to our Cutoff Time and/or Funds Availability section for cutoff time description.)
2. Your non-check withdrawals will be posted in date/time order, based on the date and time associated with each transaction. A date and time (if one is available) will be assigned to each transaction based on one of the following: (1) when the transaction was preauthorized (for example a debit card or ATM transaction was approved); or (2) when the transaction was processed by U.S. Bank (for example an ACH, or bill pay transaction for which there is no pre-authorization). If a date and time is not available, these transactions are posted to your account after all transactions with a valid date and time or check number are complete, and posted to your account in order of amount, starting with the lowest transaction amount first (frequently referred to as low-to-high).
3. Your checks will be posted in check number order, starting with the lowest number. (For example: on Monday we may receive and post check # 107; on Tuesday we may receive check # 102 and # 105, and those would be posted on Tuesday in the order of lowest check number (e.g., # 102) posting first).

DEPOSITS

When you make a non-cash deposit to your account, we give you credit for that deposit, but that credit is provisional (temporary). If the deposit needs to be collected from another financial institution, we must be paid before the credit becomes final. After a credit is final it may still be reversed if the funds cannot be collected. See the sections titled Returned Deposited and Cashed Items and Funds Availability. All deposit receipts are issued subject to our count and verification of the items deposited. You should retain your copy of deposit receipts and other documents associated with your deposit(s). Should you claim that a deposit was incorrectly credited, we may request a copy of your receipt or other documents associated with your deposit.

Foreign Currency: Deposits received in a foreign currency, whether by check, foreign currency notes, wire-transfer, or otherwise, must be converted to U.S. dollars prior to being deposited into your account. U.S. Bank will convert your funds at an exchange rate established by U.S. Bank and/or our foreign currency vendor on the business day when such exchange is processed. Currency exchange rates are determined in our sole discretion based on factors such as market conditions and risk, economic and business factors. The exchange rate is an all-in rate which includes our profit, fees, costs, and charges. Currency exchange rates will be applied to these deposits without notice to you. You agree to this procedure and accept our determination of the currency exchange rates.

Foreign currency conversions and verification of foreign currency notes can take time and exchange rates fluctuate at times significantly. Foreign currency notes that are determined to be counterfeit, outdated, or out of circulation will be rejected for conversion and returned to U.S. Bank as unacceptable, and U.S. Bank may reverse any provisional credit made to your account when you
deposited such items. You acknowledge and accept all risk that may result from such fluctuations, rejections and returns. Your transaction is a retail transaction. Retail foreign exchange conversion rates are different from the wholesale exchange rates for large transactions between two banks as may be reported in The Wall Street Journal or elsewhere. Exchange rates offered by other banks or shown at other sources (including online sources) may be different from our exchange rates. The exchange rate you are offered may be different from, and likely inferior to, the rate paid by U.S. Bank to acquire the underlying currency. The exchange rate may also be different from a rate offered by U.S. Bank to a different customer, at a different time, for a different transaction amount, or in a different payment channel (checks, wire-transfers, etc.).

U.S. Bank sometimes relies on other financial institutions or vendors in the conversion process. In this event, the conversion and acceptance of notes will be in accordance with the policies and procedures of that bank or vendor and the funds will be converted at the exchange rate determined by that bank or vendor. Any fees or charges assessed by that bank or vendor will be passed on to you. Your final credit will be adjusted to reflect that final exchange rate and acceptance of notes less all fees or charges.

**Foreign Checks:** Checks and other items drawn off a foreign financial institution, whether negotiable in a foreign currency or in U.S. dollars may require special funds collection processing by us. As a result, funds availability may be delayed. If you deposit such an item, you agree that we may delay funds availability at our discretion until we are satisfied that we have received final payment of the item.

**Deposits by Mail:** If you make a deposit by mail, we have to receive it and have time to record it before it becomes effective. (See our Funds Availability section.)

**Cutoff Time:** A deposit made after our daily cutoff time on a business day, or on a day we are not open for all forms of business, will be considered deposited on the next full business day. (Refer to our Funds Availability section for cutoff time description.) The cutoff time applies to all accounts (savings, certificate of deposits, payments, etc.), not just checking accounts.

**Endorsement:** If you make a deposit to an account and you fail to endorse the item, we may add an endorsement on any item and you will be responsible for the item as if you endorsed it yourself.

We can refuse to accept any item or other type of deposit, for any reason, or no reason, or impose conditions on a deposit. For example, we can treat a deposit as an “inquiry” or take an item for “collection” instead of deposit. We may also decline to accept a large cash deposit or require you to make such a deposit at a location and time of our choosing.

**RETURNED DEPOSITED AND CASHED ITEMS**

The funds you deposit to your account are subject to normal collection processes even after we make the funds available to you for withdrawal (i.e., the check has “cleared”). If we do not collect the funds, or we need to return the funds, your deposit will be reversed and become your responsibility. Returned items are charged back to your account and a Return Item Advice notice is mailed to the primary account address on file.

For example:
- The deposit amount of the check is recorded incorrectly to your account. The person who wrote the check catches the error, and reports it to their bank, who reports it to us. We would reverse the incorrect portion of the deposit and correct the mistake.
- A check you deposit has a forged endorsement. The person who wrote the check notices the forgery and reports it to their bank, who reports it to us. We would reverse the deposit and collection of the check would become your responsibility.
- This also applies to checks we might cash for you that you don’t deposit. For example, if you bring a check to us and take cash back from a deposit, or we simply cash the check and if that check “bounces” (is returned to us unpaid), we can take the money from your account to reimburse us for the check and you will have to collect it through other channels.

There will be one fee posted for the sum of all Returned Deposited Item or Cashed Check fees returned within a single transaction as well as applicable overdraft fees if sufficient funds are not in your account to cover your items.

**CHECK 21**

Check processing is getting faster as banks begin to process checks “electronically.” We are required by law to provide the notice in the following section (“SUBSTITUTE CHECKS AND YOUR RIGHTS”), which explains the different original items (not returned) and a substitute check, and your rights in the event the substitute check causes a loss that would have been avoided if the original check was still available.

**SUBSTITUTE CHECKS AND YOUR RIGHTS**

**What is a substitute check?**

To make check processing faster, federal law permits banks to replace original checks with “substitute checks”. These checks are similar in size to original checks with a slightly reduced image of the front and back of the original check.

The front of the substitute check states: “This is a legal copy of your check. You can use it the same way you would use the original check.” You may use the substitute check as proof of payment just like the original check.

Some or all of the checks that are returned to you from us may be substitute checks. This notice describes your rights you have when you receive substitute checks from us. The rights in this notice do not apply to original checks, photocopies of original checks, or to electronic debits to your account. However, you have rights under other laws with respect to those transactions.

**What are my rights regarding substitute checks?**

In certain cases, federal law provides a special procedure that allows you to request a refund for losses you suffer if a substitute check is posted to your account. (For example, if you think that we withdrew the wrong amount from your account or that we withdrew money from your account more than once for the same check). The losses you may attempt to recover under this procedure may include the amount that was withdrawn from your account and fees that were charged as a result of the withdrawal (for example, overdraft fees).

The amount of your refund under this procedure is limited to the amount of your loss or the amount of the substitute check, whichever is less. You are also entitled to interest on the amount of your refund if your account is an interest-bearing account. If your loss exceeds the amount of the substitute check, you may be able to recover additional amounts under other law.

If you use this procedure, you may receive up to $2,500.00 of your refund (plus interest, if your account earns interest) within ten business days after we received your claim and the remainder of your refund (plus interest, if your account earns interest) not later than 45 calendar days after we received your claim.

We may reverse the refund (including any interest on the refund) if we later are able to demonstrate that the substitute check was correctly posted to your account.

**How do I make a claim for a refund?**

If you believe that you have suffered a loss relating to a substitute check that you received and that was posted to your account, please call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers) or write to us at U.S. Bank, 60 Livingston Ave, EP-MN-W85D, St. Paul, MN 55107. You must contact us within 40 calendar days of the date that we mailed (or otherwise delivered by a means to which you agreed) the substitute check in question or the account statement showing that the substitute check was posted to your account, whichever is later. We will extend this time period if you were not able to make a timely claim because of extenuating circumstances.

Your claim must include:
1. a description of why you have suffered a loss (for example, you think the amount withdrawn was incorrect);
2. an estimate of the amount of your loss;
3. an explanation of why the substitute check you received is insufficient to confirm that you suffered a loss; and
4. a copy of the substitute check or identifying information such as the check number and the name of the person to whom you wrote the check.

**COPIES OF DOCUMENTS**

We do not typically keep the original paper documents (like deposit slips) associated with your account for a long time. We image most of the documents that end up with us and destroy the paper originals. Electronic images are one type of media that is used, but as technology changes, there are and will be other imaging techniques. You agree that such images will be sufficient for all purposes.

See the section titled CHECK 21. To facilitate check imaging and electronic check collection, it is important that you take care with the transactions you create on paper. When completing a check, you must:
1. write clearly;
2. use black or dark blue ink in the date, pay to, amount, and signature fields; and
3. use only the space provided for your part of a transaction. (See the section on ENDORSEMENT STANDARDS.)

You agree to reimburse us for any losses and costs we incur as a result of a poor check image caused by a deficiency in the written check, whether due to your failure to follow these guidelines or otherwise. You also agree to reimburse us for any losses and costs we incur as a result of a poor check image caused by a deficiency in the written check that you accepted and deposited as the payee.

**NIGHT DEPOSITORY**

If you arrange for night depository services, you must comply with the following two rules and also comply with the rules in any separate night depository agreement.
1. **Use of Containers.** Each deposit placed in the depository must be contained in a sealed envelope, or in a bag or pouch that has been approved or supplied by us. Deposits are only processed to accounts held at U.S. Bank.
2. Care. You must take appropriate care when you put the container in our night depository or other facility to make sure the container is received by us. Our responsibility for the security of the container and the drawer or facility is to use reasonable care. This means we are not automatically liable for just any loss, only for losses that result from our own negligence, only to the extent we caused a loss, and reduced by your contribution to any loss. In legal terms, we are a “bailee” until the point:
   • when we open the container and inventory its contents (if that is what we are asked to do); or
   • when you sign the receipt for or take custody of the container (if we do not open the container).

CHECKS

Post-Dated Checks. We are not responsible to you if we pay a check before its date, even if we have noticed that it is post-dated. If we, at our option, refuse to pay a check because it is presented before its date, you will have to pay, if applicable, the fee we charge for an overdraft. If you want to be sure we do not cash it before its date, you must stop its payment by following our rules for stop payments in the STOP PAYMENTS section of this Agreement and follow our procedures for revoking a stop payment request.

Stale-Dated Checks. A “stale-dated” check is one that is brought to us for payment more than six months after its date. We may pay, or refuse to pay, a check brought to us (“presented”) more than six months after its date. The general rule is we will pay the check, however we may return the check for insufficient funds. In addition, the check would be subject to an overdraft. If you do not want us to pay a stale-dated check, you must place a stop payment order on the check.

Check Legends. We are not required to honor any legends or memos you put on your checks, even if we are aware of them. By a “legend” or “memo” we mean a message, such as “not valid for more than $50.00” or “do not pay more than ten days after date” or “paid in full”.

Check Forms. Checks are not honored if they are not properly written or have any of the following errors:

1. Poor handwriting
2. Use of red or blue ink
3. Improper use of checks
4. Stale-dated checks
5. Post-dated (greater than one day after the ATM network business day)
6. No date or incomplete date
7. Altered in any way
8. Photocopy of item
9. Not signed by maker
10. Traveler’s check with different counter signature
11. Drawn on a non-existent account
12. Missing the numeric amount and/or the written amount
13. Numeric amount and written amount do not match
14. Traveler’s check with different counter signature
15. Federal tax refund checks not endorsed by payee or payees; and
16. Any other instrument which is not a check or negotiable instrument.

ENDORSEMENT STANDARDS

The payee of a check (the person to whom a check is payable) must sign (endorse) the check on the back in the space shown in the picture. If a check is transferred to someone else before it is deposited or cashed, that person (the transferee) may also be required to sign the check.

Every bank that handles a check on its way to the bank that is asked to pay it also has to identify itself on the back of the check. The space for those banks is to the right of the space shown for the payee and other “holders” (see picture below).

When you endorse a check, you must:
1. Clearly sign your name;
2. Use black or dark blue ink if possible;
3. Never use a faint color, like red, pink or any pastel, or a gel ink (these do not copy well);
4. Sign near the top of the space provided, or just below any other signature in that space;
5. Stay out of the area below the space for endorsers (most check forms have a line separating the endorsement area); and
6. Keep any stamp within the area set aside for handwritten signatures.

The picture on this page shows you the correct endorsement area.

Why is this important?
If your endorsement of a check, or the endorsement of someone from whom you took the check, either:
1. Causes a delay in a necessary notice to someone else, or
2. Prevents someone from being identified quickly enough (and therefore cannot get notice or cannot get it in time).

You will be responsible for the check and the loss that occurs because it is not paid. It will then be up to you to try and recover from someone else who might be liable.

INSUFFICIENT FUNDS AND OVERDRAFTS

“Account Balance” means the funds in your account, including deposits and withdrawals made to date. Not all your transactions will be immediately reflected. As a result, only part of this balance may be available for withdrawal.

“Available Balance” means the amount of money that can be withdrawn at a point in time. The Available Balance will be less than the Account Balance when there are pending transactions such as:

- Funds held from deposits: These funds have been deposited but are not yet fully available for withdrawal or transfer. Once these funds are available, they will be reflected in the Available Balance.
- Funds held for debit card authorizations: This reflects merchant-authorized requests for payment, when the final charge has not been submitted by the merchant. Debit card authorizations will be reflected as pending transactions from the time we receive the authorization until the merchant presents the item for payment, a completion message is received, or three business days, whichever occurs first. If the debit card transaction has not been presented for payment after three business days, it will be removed from your pending transactions and your Available Balance will no longer be reduced by the authorization amount. Once the final charges have been received and processed, they will be reflected in the Available Balance.
- Any other holds on funds in your account.

Note: The Available Balance does not reflect every transaction you have initiated or previously authorized. Items that may not be reflected in your Available Balance include, but are not limited to:

- Outstanding checks and authorized automatic withdrawals (such as recurring debit card transactions, transfers, and ACH transactions that we have not received for payment or processing).
- The final amount of a debit card purchase. For example, we may authorize a purchase amount from a restaurant or a gas station, but the authorized amount may be different from the final charge. Once a final charge has been received and processed, it will be reflected in the Available Balance. (Please refer to “Debit Card Transactions” subsection for more information about how these situations are handled.)
- Scheduled bill payments that have not yet been processed.
- Debit card transactions that have been previously authorized but not sent to us for payment from your account where we have released the transaction authorization hold and the transaction is sent for payment from your account at a later date.

“Insufficient funds” means your Available Balance is insufficient to pay the transactions you are attempting from that account.

Having insufficient funds in your account could lead to returned items, which refers to any withdrawal or transfer that we return because it exceeds your Available Balance on a given day. Examples of withdrawals that could be returned may include any checks, ACH transactions, online or mobile bill payments, or any other debit from your account where we return it because it is for more than the Available Balance you in your account at the time the transaction is presented to your account. We reserve the right to pay an insufficient funds withdrawal and overdraft your account, which may result in an Overdraft Paid...
Fee. If we’ve paid insufficient funds items before, we are not required to do it in the future.

“Overdraft” means a transaction has caused the Available Balance on an account to become a negative number. An overdraft can happen, for example:

• by writing a check without enough money in your checking account to pay the check, and we pay the item;
• by making a withdrawal from your account that exceeds your Available Balance;
• by using your U.S. Bank Debit Card for payment without enough money in your checking account to cover the amount authorized or the amount paid to the merchant. If any debit card transaction results in a negative Available Balance at the time it is presented for payment, even if your Available Balance was positive at the time the debit card transaction was authorized, you may be charged an Overdraft Paid Fee;
• by making a deposit, withdrawing money based on the credit received from that deposit, and then having that deposit reversed because the deposited item is later returned to us unpaid;
• by withdrawing money from your account and not having enough money left to pay any related charges posted to the account;
• when funds are credited to your account in error and you use the funds, and the reversal of the credit results in an overdraft; or
• when fees such as monthly maintenance fees are charged, and you do not have sufficient funds to cover.

Our Options: You do not have the right to withdraw funds that exceed the Available Balance on an account. Any Overdraft Paid Fees are deducted from your account on the next business day. See the current pricing information disclosure for information on fees and how fees will be assessed. If you want to avoid the inconvenience and extra expense of overdraft fees, refer to the sections titled “Overdraft Handling” on page 7 and “Overdraft Protection Plans” on page 8 for information.

There are some circumstances that can take your account into a negative balance where we will not charge a fee, for example:

• If certain fees such as your monthly maintenance fee are the only items that resulted in the negative balance.
• If the negative Available Balance is less than our threshold. See your Consumer Pricing or Business Pricing Information disclosure for specific information. (Both can be obtained by stopping in a U.S. Bank branch or for the Consumer Pricing Information only, call 800-872-2657 to request a copy.)

Your responsibilities for overdrafts: If you have an overdraft on your account (excluding consumer checking accounts), you must deposit enough money into your account to pay both the overdraft amount and the fees we charge. If you have an overdraft on your consumer checking account only (excluding Safe Debit accounts), please refer to the section titled “U.S. Bank Overdraft Fee Forgiven” on page 7 for more information. If you share ownership of your account with someone else, you are responsible for the overdraft, whether or not you personally caused the overdraft or benefited from it.

OVERDRAFT HANDLING
Consumer Checking and Money Market Accounts:
Most U.S. Bank Consumer checking and money market accounts come with Standard Overdraft Coverage. Under Standard Overdraft Coverage we will authorize and pay overdrafts for these types of transactions at our discretion:

• Checks and other transactions using your checking account number
• Automatic bill payments
• Recurring debit card transactions, for example setting up your debit card to automatically pay a monthly gym membership. We rely on the merchant to inform us if a debit card transaction is a one-time or a recurring transaction.

If we pay these transactions into overdraft, we may charge an Overdraft Paid Fee. See the Consumer Pricing Information disclosure for additional details.

In addition to Standard Overdraft Coverage, you have the following options outlined below.

ATM and Debit Card Overdraft Coverage:
Upon opening your U.S. Bank Consumer checking OR money market account, you will receive a notice advising you of your choice to say ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ to ATM and Debit Card Overdraft Coverage.

If you say ‘Yes’
If you choose to say ‘Yes’, you allow U.S. Bank to authorize and pay ATM and everyday debit card transactions (purchases made with your debit card on a day-to-day basis) that may cause the Available Balance in your account to become negative. If this happens and the negative Available Balance is $50.01 or more, we may charge an Overdraft Paid Fee for each item paid greater than $5.00.

If you say ‘No’
If you choose to say ‘No’, you do not allow U.S. Bank to authorize and pay ATM and everyday debit card transactions into a negative Available Balance. If we do not authorize and pay an overdraft your transaction will be declined and you will not be charged a fee.

In limited circumstances, your ATM or everyday debit card transaction may be processed, resulting in your Available Balance becoming negative. These situations may include, but are not limited to:

• A debit card transaction is processed for more than the preauthorized amount. For example, we may authorize a purchase amount from a restaurant or a gas station, but the authorized amount may differ from the final charge (Please refer to “Debit Card Transactions” subsection for more information about how these situations are handled.);
• A debit card transaction that obtained an authorization based on a sufficient Available Balance in your account, but is sent to us for payment later when your Available Balance is no longer sufficient to cover the item;

In these situations, if you have chosen ‘No’ you will not be charged an Overdraft Paid Fee.

If you wish to discuss your options or change your account election at any time, contact a local U.S. Bank branch, call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking or visit usbank.com. Please be aware it may take up to three business days to implement your request.

U.S. Bank Overdraft Fee Forgiven
All consumer checking accounts (excluding Safe Debit Accounts) are eligible to have Overdraft Paid Fee(s) waived with qualifying deposits (see below). The Overdraft Fee Forgiven period starts the first day your Available Balance becomes negative and you were charged an Overdraft Paid Fee(s). U.S. Bank will review your account for a fee waiver at 11 p.m. ET on the day we charged the Overdraft Paid Fee(s). In the event your Available Balance at the end of the business day is or would be overdrawn by $50.00 or less, we will not charge an Overdraft Paid Fee. If your Available Balance* at 11 p.m. ET is $0 or more, the Overdraft Paid Fee(s) charged will be waived.

*Excluding the Overdraft Paid Fee(s) and including immediate and same day deposits.

If you have Overdraft Protection and your account becomes overdrawn, Overdraft Protection funds will be accessed (and applicable fees charged) before the account is eligible for Overdraft Fee Forgiven.

Deposits that generally will qualify for Overdraft Fee Forgiven include:

• ACH and electronic deposits;
• Cash deposits;
• Wire transfers;
• ATM deposits at U.S. Bank ATM;
• Check deposits in branch;
• Internal transfers from another U.S. Bank account.

Deposits that generally will not qualify for Overdraft Fee Forgiven include:

• Mobile check deposit;
• Extended hold placed on a deposit;
• Deposits into new accounts opened less than 30 days where funds are generally made available the fifth business day after the day of your deposit.

Requested Return:
You may ask us to place your account in Requested Return status. When you select this option, you are automatically choosing to say ‘No’ to ATM and Debit Card Overdraft Coverage (refer to If you say ‘No’ for more details). In addition, we will attempt to return items which would result in an overdraft to your account such as checks, and automatic bill pay transactions.

• Note that when you select Requested Return, you may be charged fees by the merchant or service provider.
• Please understand we will not be able to return all items. If we pay an item, for any reason, you will be charged the applicable Overdraft Paid Fee (with the exception of ATM and everyday debit card transactions). These situations include, but are not limited to: recurring debit card transactions when a merchant had obtained an authorization for the first instance, but did
If you have linked eligible accounts, and the negative Available Balance in
• Other U.S. Bank Lines of Credit
• U.S. Bank Personal Line of Credit
• U.S. Bank Reserve Line of Credit
• U.S. Bank Savings Account or Money Market Account
Protection.
If the negative Available Balance in your checking account is caused by monthly
or the negative Available Balance in your checking account is $50.00 or less.
amount will transfer in multiples of $50.00. If the negative Available Balance
your checking account is or would be overdrawn by $5.01 or more, the advance
If you wish to select Requested Return, contact a local U.S. Bank branch or
call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers). Please
be aware it may take up to three business days to implement your request
and items may or may not be returned during that time.
Business Options for Checking and Money Market Accounts
For Business Checking and Business Money Market accounts, we will authorize
and pay overdrafts for all types of transactions at our discretion. If we pay these
transactions into overdraft, we may charge an Overdraft Paid Fee.
Requested Return
You may ask us to place your account in Requested Return status. When choosing
this option, we will attempt to return and/or decline items which would result in
an overdraft to your account.
• Note that when you select Requested Return, you may be charged fees by
the merchant or service provider.
• Please understand we will not be able to return all items. If we pay an item,
for any reason, you may be charged an Overdraft Paid Fee.
If you wish to request Requested Return, contact a local U.S. Bank branch or
call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers). Please
be aware it may take up to three business days to implement your request
and items may or may not be returned during that time.

Other sections: While many other sections of this Agreement relate to these
issues, these sections are particularly appropriate:
• Setoff (page 15)
• Security Interest in Accounts (page 15)
• Funds Availability: Your Ability to Withdraw Funds - All Accounts (page 16)
• Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers (page 18)
• Limits on Transfers (page 19)
• Electronic Banking Agreement for Business Customers (page 21)

OVERDRAFT PROTECTION PLANS
Consumer Overdraft Protection
U.S. Bank offers Overdraft Protection Plans to help you avoid the inconvenience
of having a check returned, and/or a debit card purchase rejected, resulting in
the expense of overdraft fees. These Overdraft Protection Plans allow an eligible
account to be linked to a U.S. Bank Personal Checking Account(s) ("checking
account(s)") to cover overdraft situations when the Available Balance is
insufficient to cover checks presented for payment and/or Available Balance has
been reduced due to pending authorized debit card transactions, as specified in
subsection “Debit Card Transactions”.
U.S. Bank lets you choose which eligible accounts are linked to your checking
account for Overdraft Protection, and the order in which those accounts are
accessed to transfer funds to your checking account. Some eligible accounts
(e.g. depository accounts) do not have Overdraft Protection Transfer fees, and
if you have deposit and credit accounts linked for Overdraft Protection, the first
Overdraft Protection Account determines whether a fee is charged (if any).
You can choose to link up to three eligible U.S. Bank accounts to your personal
checking account for Overdraft Protection. Owner(s) who are signers on the
checking account must also be signers on the account(s) linked for Overdraft
Protection.
Eligible accounts include:
• U.S. Bank Savings Account or Money Market Account
• U.S. Bank Reserve Line of Credit
• U.S. Bank Credit Card
• A secondary U.S. Bank Personal Checking Account
• U.S. Bank Personal Line of Credit
• U.S. Bank Home Equity Line of Credit
• Other U.S. Bank Lines of Credit
If you have linked eligible accounts, and the negative Available Balance in
your checking account is or would be overdrawn by $5.01 or more, the advance
amount will transfer in multiples of $50.00. If the negative Available Balance
is or would be $5.00 or less, the amount advanced will be $5.00. The Overdraft
Protection Transfer Fee is waived if the transfer is made from a deposit account
or the negative Available Balance in your checking account is $50.00 or less.
If the negative Available Balance in your checking account is caused by monthly
fees, such as a maintenance fee or statement/image fee only, overdraft protection
will not advance and no Overdraft Protection Transfer Fees will apply. (For
example, the account is overdrawn due to a Monthly Maintenance Fee, overdraft
protection will not advance. If additional transactions post, overdraft protection
will advance to cover the negative Available Balance amount and an Overdraft
Protection Transfer Fee may be charged.) If the account linked for Overdraft
Protection does not have enough funds to cover the overdrawn amount, the
current Available Balance will still be transferred to reduce the overdrawn
amount.
If there is more than one account linked for Overdraft Protection and the Available
Balance of the first linked account is not enough to cover the overdrawn balance,
the next linked account will transfer funds in multiples of $50.00 to cover the
remaining overdrawn balance. When multiple accounts are linked as Overdraft
Protection, the first account funds are transferred from determines the amount of
the Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee (if any).
For each day an Overdraft Protection transfer occurs, a Bank fee will be charged
to the checking account that received the transfer. (Refer to the Consumer
Protection Information disclosure Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee for fee amount.
This disclosure can be obtained by contacting a U.S. Bank branch or calling
800-872-2657.) While no fee will be charged to your U.S. Bank savings account
or secondary checking account, U.S. Bank Reserve Line of Credit, U.S. Bank
Credit Card, U.S. Bank Personal Line of Credit, or U.S. Bank Home Equity Line
of Credit, for any automated advance to cover an overdraft to your associated
deposit account, you will incur an interest charge according to the terms of
your agreement governing your credit account. Advances on a U.S. Bank
Credit Card Overdraft Protection Plan account are subject to the standard cash
advance interest rate, as well as the current cash advance fee. Please refer to
your U.S. Bank Reserve Line of Credit, U.S. Bank Credit Card, U.S. Bank
Personal Line of Credit or U.S. Bank Home Equity Line of Credit for information
regarding interest charges.
When the Bank accesses funds from an eligible line of credit or credit card, these
types of transfers may be subject to additional charges such as annual fees. In
addition, you may be subject to interest that will accrue on the amounts advanced
in accordance with your line of credit or cardmember agreement.

Business Banking Overdraft Protection
U.S. Bank offers Overdraft Protection Plans to help you avoid the inconvenience
of having a check returned, and/or a debit card purchase rejected, resulting in
the expense of overdraft fees. These Overdraft Protection Plans allow an eligible
account to be linked to a U.S. Bank Business Checking Account(s) ("checking
account(s)") to cover overdraft situations when the Available Balance is
insufficient to cover checks presented for payment and/or Available Balance has
been reduced due to pending authorized debit card transactions, as specified in
subsection “Debit Card Transactions”.
U.S. Bank lets you choose which eligible accounts are linked to your checking
account for overdraft protection. Only one deposit product and one credit product
may link to a business checking account. If the checking account has both a credit
product and a deposit product linked as overdraft protection, the system will
always advance first from the credit product. Funds only draw from the deposit
product if the credit product has insufficient available funds.
The name of the business on the business checking account must match the name
of the business on the business credit overdraft protection plan account. The
name(s) of the account signer(s) on the business checking account may also be
required to match the account signer(s) on the business Overdraft Protection Plan
account.
Eligible accounts include:
• U.S. Bank Business Savings or Money Market Account
• A secondary U.S. Bank Business Checking Account
• U.S. Bank Business Reserve Line of Credit
• U.S. Bank Business Credit Cards
• U.S. Bank Cash Flow Manager or Advantage Line
If you have a U.S. Bank Business Savings, Business Money Market account, or
secondary U.S. Bank Business Checking account linked as Overdraft
Protection, any automatic advances will be in $200.00 increments made to cover
the overdraft. Automated transfers from a U.S. Bank deposit account are not
assessed Overdraft Protection Transfer Fees.
If you have a U.S. Bank Business Reserve Line of Credit linked as overdraft
protection, any automatic advances will be in $200.00 increments made to cover
the overdraft. Please refer to your U.S. Bank Business Reserve Line Agreement
for information regarding interest charges.
U.S. Bank Business Credit Card linked as overdraft protection, any automatic
advances will be in $25.00 increments made to cover the overdraft. Advances on
a U.S. Bank Business Credit Card Overdraft Protection Plan account are subject
the standard cash advance interest rate, as well as the current cash advance fee.
When the Bank accesses funds from an eligible line of credit or credit card,
these types of transfers may be subject to additional charges such as annual fees. In
addition, you may be subject to interest that will accrue on the amounts advanced
in accordance with your line of credit or Cardmember Agreement. Please refer to
your Cardmember Agreement for information regarding charges and fees.
Each time an overdraft protection transfer from a Business Reserve Line or a U.S. Bank Business Credit Card automatically transfers funds to the checking account, an Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee (daily fee) applies. The transfer fee amount posts as a separate transaction to the checking account.

Refer to the Business Pricing Information disclosure for current fees. This disclosure can be obtained by stopping in a U.S. Bank branch.

If you have a U.S. Bank Cash Flow Manager linked as overdraft protection, any automatic advances will be in $100.00 increments made to cover the overdraft. While no Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee is charged to the Cash Flow Manager account for any automated advance to cover an overdraft to your associated deposit account, you will incur an interest charge according to the terms of your agreement governing your credit account. Please refer to your U.S. Bank Cash Flow Manager agreement for information regarding interest charges.

If the negative Available Balance is caused by a monthly maintenance fee, service fee or statement/image fee only, overdraft protection will not advance and no Overdraft Protection Transfer Fees will apply. (For example, the account is overdrawn due to a Monthly Maintenance fee, overdraft protection will not advance. If additional transactions post, overdraft protection will advance to cover the negative Available Balance amount and an Overdraft Protection Transfer Fee may be charged.)

Business Overdraft Protection Agreements

U.S. Bank also offers certain business customers overdraft protection through separate written agreement. The terms of such agreement shall govern those Business Overdraft Protection Plans.

REFUSING PAYMENT ON YOUR CHECKS

You must fill in an amount (in words and numbers) correctly and clearly, and sign your name on checks you write. You should fill in the date and name a payee on your checks. If you don’t name a payee, anyone can cash the check. If you fail to follow these rules, we may refuse to honor your checks.

When a check you write is presented to us by another bank for payment, we will generally accept the endorsements on the check, because if an endorsement is missing or forged, we have rights against the other bank that protect us. When a check of yours comes to us other than through another bank, we might not cash it if we are not comfortable with the endorsements on it or the identity of the person who presents it. This is especially true with an endorsement in the name of a business entity.

We may require anyone who presents a check for payment in person (other than an account owner presenting a check on his or her own account) to:

- pay a fee to cash the check if applicable; and
- give a fingerprint or thumbprint, and identification, as a condition of cashing a check.

If the presenter of the check refuses to comply with these requirements, or complies but later asserts that these requirements infringed on their legal rights, you understand and agree that imposing these requirements will not be considered a “wrongful dishonor” of your checks.

FUNDS TRANSFERS

Unless we have entered into a specific written agreement with you that provides otherwise, payment orders you give to us for the transfer of funds out of the account by wire transfer or otherwise, and payment orders we receive for the transfer of funds into the account, will be governed by this section, subject to rights under the Electronic Fund Transfers Act. In addition, your rights and obligations with respect to a payment order, and our rights and obligations, will be governed by (a) any separate written agreement with us; then (b) this section; and then, to the extent not specified in a separate written agreement or this Agreement; (c) by Article 4A of the Uniform Commercial Code (“UCC4A”) as enacted in the state in which you have your account with us.

We reserve the right to refuse to accept any payment order. Payment orders are accepted when we act in compliance with a security procedure agreed upon by you and us. Such payment orders will be deemed effective as if made by you, and you will be obligated to pay us in the amount of such orders, even though they are not transmitted or authorized by you. Unless we agree on another security procedure, you agree that we may confirm the authenticity and content of a payment order (among other ways) by placing a telephone call to you. If we cannot reach you, or if the payment order is not confirmed or approved in the manner we require, we may refuse to execute the payment order.

YOU AGREE THAT IF A PAYMENT ORDER OR CANCELLATION THEREOF IDENTIFIES THE BENEFICIARY BY BOTH NAME AND NUMBER IDENTIFY DIFFERENT PERSONS, EXECUTION OF THE PAYMENT ORDER BY ANY BANK MAY BE MADE SOLELY ON THE BASIS OF THE IDENTIFYING NUMBER.

If we receive a funds transfer into any account you have with us, we are not required to give you any notice of the receipt of the funds transfer. The funds transfer will appear on your next periodic statement. To confirm the completion of funds transfers, please contact us through U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers), usbank.com or the U.S. Bank Mobile App. Prior to the acceptance of an outgoing payment order, the outgoing payment order may be cancelled, but may not be amended or modified, if the beneficiary’s bank is located within the United States of America and the outgoing payment order is to be paid in U.S. dollars. Other outgoing payment orders may not be cancelled, amended or modified. We must receive your cancellation in a reasonable time prior to the time we execute the outgoing payment order. Payment orders sent by Fedwire will be subject to the Federal Reserve’s Regulation J, and payment orders sent via other payment systems will be subject to the rules of those systems. You understand that we may record all telephone conversations and data transmissions received from, made for or made on behalf of you pursuant to or in connection with a payment order.

YOU AGREE THAT IF A PAYMENT ORDER, OR ANY CANCELLATION OR AUTHORIZATION RELATING THERETO, BUT FOR THE APPLICABILITY OF THE ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS ACT OF 1978 (AS IN EFFECT FROM TIME TO TIME), CONSTITUTES A PORTION OF A FUNDS TRANSFER AS DEFINED IN UCC4A, ALL ACTIONS AND DISPUTES CONCERNING SUCH PAYMENT ORDER, CANCELLATION OR AUTHORIZATION SHALL BE DETERMINED PURSUANT TO UCC4A AND THIS AGREEMENT TO THE FULL EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW.

If an outgoing payment order in a foreign currency cannot be completed, the exchange rate that will be applied is the refund rate in effect at the time on the day the refund is made. Additional fees may be deducted from a payment order amount other than banks involved in the funds transfer process.

We may route payment at our own discretion for each outgoing wire transfer. A wire transfer is irrevocable once payment has been transmitted to the beneficiary’s bank. At your request, we may request that the beneficiary’s bank return funds previously transferred. However, you acknowledge that the beneficiary’s bank is under no obligation to comply with this request.

WITHDRAWAL RIGHTS, OWNERSHIP OF ACCOUNT, AND BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION

The following rules govern the ownership and withdrawal rights of deposit accounts with the various titles given to them.

There are two primary issues that these rules control. The first is “withdrawal rights” and the second is “ownership.”

By “withdrawal rights” we mean who has access to the funds in the account for all purposes. These withdrawal rights will control, for example, whose instructions we must follow, whose checks we must pay, and whose withdrawal requests we must honor. These withdrawal rights do not control who actually owns the funds, as between multiple parties to an account.

By “ownership” we generally mean who owns the funds in the account. In particular, by selecting a particular ownership, you are expressing your intention of how and to whom your interest in the funds in the account should pass in the event of your death.

If you create a type of account, you retain the right to change or close the account to the extent of the withdrawal rights you retain in your own name.

We make no representations as to the appropriateness or effectiveness of any particular ownership or beneficiary designations. Our only responsibility is to permit access to the account as provided by the withdrawal rights. You must consult with your own attorney or financial advisor as to whether and how to effect any change in actual ownership of funds in the account.

Individual Account. This is an account in the name of one person. Such an account is also referred to as a “single ownership” account.

Withdrawal Rights. The holder of such an account is the only person who has the right to withdraw from the account, unless we permit the holder to designate an agent or attorney-in-fact to the account.

Ownership. The holder of such an account is presumed to be the owner. Holding such an account, by itself, creates no additional ownership rights nor survivorship rights (nor does such type of ownership create or extinguish any community property rights). In almost all instances this type of account will pass, on the death of the owner, through the estate of the owner. (You must consult your own estate planner to be sure.)

Agents and “Attorneys-in-Fact.” The owner of this type of account can nominate an authorized signer or attorney-in-fact.

Joint Account - With Survivorship. If your account is opened as a joint account, we will treat it as a joint account with right of survivorship unless our
Withdrawal Rights. During the lives of both parties to the marriage, the withdrawal rights will be the same as for the Marital Account. The beneficiaries have no withdrawal rights until the death of one of the marriage partners.

Ownership. Upon the death of one of the spouses, the surviving spouse owns 50% of the funds on deposit, and the P.O.D. beneficiary named by the deceased party (if that beneficiary is then surviving) owns the other 50%. Each spouse can name his or her own beneficiary.

If there is more than one beneficiary who is named by a party who survives, the shares of those beneficiaries will be equal.

On the death of one of the marriage partners, the account will have to be retitled and beneficiary shares will have to be redeposited or withdrawn.

Pay-on-Death Account. This is an account where one or more persons create the account and name one or more living persons as beneficiaries. Frequently the account title is A.B. Pay-on-Death to C.D. beneficiary.

Withdrawal Rights. The person who creates this type of account retains complete withdrawal rights in such an account during his or her lifetime and for his or her own benefit. The named beneficiary has no withdrawal rights to the account during the lifetime of the creator of the account. The owner can change or close the account, and change beneficiaries at any time.

On the death of the creator of the account, the beneficiary (on proof of death of the creator and proof of the identity as the named beneficiary), can withdraw the entire account balance. If there is more than one beneficiary who is named and survives the creator, the surviving beneficiaries acquire and can withdraw an equal share with the other surviving beneficiaries, without survivorship rights between beneficiaries. If a beneficiary dies before the creator, neither the beneficiary’s estate nor heirs acquire anything on the death of the owner.

If more than one person creates such an account, then such creators have complete and separate withdrawal rights between them during their joint lives, and the survivor of them will have complete withdrawal rights upon the death of the other creator. Named beneficiaries can withdraw a share of the account balance only upon the death of the last creator and only if such beneficiaries are then alive (and upon proof of the deaths of the creators and the ownership identity as the named beneficiaries). In effect, if more than one person creates this type of account, with one or more beneficiaries, the account has first all the incidents of a “Joint Account with Survivorship” and only after there is but one joint tenant does the account have the incidents of a “Pay-on-Death” account.

Ownership. The creator of this type of account is presumed to own the funds during his or her lifetime and intends that ownership to pass to the beneficiary only upon his or her death and only if the named beneficiary survives him or her. If there is more than one creator, the ownership between such creators is the same as that between joint tenants with right of survivorship, with the same incidents upon the death of a joint tenant.

If there is more than one beneficiary who is named and survives the creator(s), the creators intend his, her or their ownership rights to pass to the then surviving beneficiaries in equal shares, with no survivorship rights between them.

Other Titles. This type of account has other names such as “Testative Trust,” “Totten Trust,” “In Trust For” and “Revocable Trust.” In states where one of these trust accounts is recognized, the creators of such accounts will be referred to as a “settlor” or “grantor.” Nevertheless, all the incidents of such accounts, the rights of the grantor(s) and beneficiaries are exactly the same as described for “Pay-on-Death” accounts above. Only the names have been changed.

Revocable Trust or Pay-on-Death Account (not subject to the Nonprobate Transfers Law of Missouri)

In Missouri, a Revocable Trust or Pay-on-Death account may include an appendage to its title “not subject to the Nonprobate Transfers Law of Missouri.” This appendage does not change the features of the account as described above for Pay-on-Death accounts.

Registration in Beneficiary Form - Missouri

Adding the acronym LDPS (which stands for lineal descendants, per stirpes) to a Revocable Trust or Pay-on-Death account in Missouri, changes the rights of beneficiaries of such accounts. LDPS designation means that if a named beneficiary of such an account dies before the account owner, then the unnamed lineal descendants of that deceased beneficiary will acquire the share of the deceased beneficiary on the death of the owner per stirpes.

Accounts Established Under the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or Uniform Gifts to Minors Act (“UTMA/UGMA”)

An account established under a state’s UTMA/UGMA is controlled by a custodian for the use and benefit of a “minor” beneficiary who owns the funds. Only the custodian is authorized to act on the account, however, we may disclose account information to the minor or their authorized representative. If you are the custodian or successor custodian of an account under a state’s UTMA/UGMA, you agree to comply with all applicable laws, including those related to use of...
the funds. When the minor reaches the age of distribution under the applicable
UTMA/UGMA law, you must transfer any funds in the account to the minor.
You agree that it is your responsibility as custodian to consult your own legal or tax advisor
about the governing state law.

**Fiduciary Account**

A fiduciary account is an account opened by or taken over by an executor,
administrator, personal representative, guardian, conservator, trustee, or other
fiduciary in such capacity. Any fiduciary named as a signer on a fiduciary
account shall be solely responsible for acting in accordance with the terms of the applicable
laws, will, court order or trust instrument establishing and covering the
fiduciary relationship, and we are not responsible for examining, or insuring
compliance with the provisions of any such law or instrument.

**Corporate, Partnership, Limited Liability Company and other Organizational Accounts**

These are accounts opened by any business organization or association.
We reserve the right to require the account holder(s) to furnish us with such
resolutions, agreements or documents as we may reasonably request to evidence
the authority of individuals to act on behalf of the account holder(s). We will
honor such an authorization until we receive written notice of change from the
governing body of the organization. It is mutually agreed that the power and
authority of each person named as authorized to take action with respect to the
account shall continue in full force and effect until we receive actual written
notice of revocation, whether the same be brought about by dissolution of the account holder or otherwise.

**PLEDGES AND SECURITY INTERESTS IN FAVOR OF OTHERS**

You cannot give a security interest or pledge your account to someone other than us
without first getting our express written consent. We are not required to give
consent to a security interest or pledge to someone else.

Unless we agree otherwise in a separate writing a security interest or pledge to
someone else must be satisfied or released before any right to withdraw from the
account can be exercised, including any right that arises by surviving the death of an
owner (for example, a surviving joint tenant or beneficiary of a pay-on-death account).

**ACCRUAL OF INTEREST**

We will begin to accrue interest on deposits drawn from other banks at the time
we get credit for the deposit in the collection process, which is not necessarily the
same time as the time we make funds available for withdrawal.

If your account (for example a savings account) earns a variable rate of interest,
we can change that rate at any time without notice to you, except as specifically
provided in writing in the account disclosure or agreement. If the interest rate for
your account(s) or the index or other referenced rate upon which the interest rate
for your account(s) is based, is at any time less than zero percent, you agree to
pay all amounts of the negative interest or fees which we impose as compensation
for the negative interest rate.

You can find out our current rates on accounts that earn interest in our branches,
from U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking, or at usbank.com. The telephone number is at
the end of this disclosure.

**STOP PAYMENTS**

Unless otherwise provided, the rules in this section cover stopping payment of
items such as checks and drafts drawn on your account. Rules for stopping payment on other types of transfers of funds, such as consumer electronic fund transfers, are covered elsewhere in the Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers section.

Here is what you must do to stop a payment:

**ACH Check Conversion**

An ACH Check Conversion is a transaction that starts as a paper check that you
give to a merchant. The merchant converts the check, using the information
on the paper, to send an electronic message to a bank to immediately take the
money from your account. The merchant is required to post a notice about ACH
Check Conversion in a prominent and conspicuous location at the time of the
transaction. You can stop payment on an ACH Check Conversion only if it has
not yet been presented by the merchant.

**Electronic Fund Transfers**

You can stop payment of certain types of electronic transactions. Please refer to the
Electronic Banking Agreement section for details.

**Checks and drafts**

If you want to stop payment of a check, you must use the stop-payment tool
in online banking or the mobile app, go to a U.S. Bank branch or call U.S. Bank
24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers). Writing to us will take too
much time and we will not have time to act on your request before the check is paid. We may need the following information:

1. the account number the check is written on;
2. the dollar amount;
3. the check number.

This information must be exact and correct. If it is not, we will not be responsible if the item is paid.

**Who can stop a payment and for how long?**

1. Any owner can stop payment of any check on the account whether
that owner wrote the check or not (and assuming the item can still be
stopped).
2. A stop payment order is effective for 24 months. You must renew it
prior to the expiration of the stop payment effective period or the item
could get paid. We will not notify you when the stop payment effective
period ends. Fees may be assessed for placing a stop payment order.
3. You must give us sufficient notice so that we have a reasonable period
of time to act upon your request and verify that the item has not been paid.

**Effect of a stop payment**

When you stop payment of a check, you may still be obligated to the payee,
and the payee may still have the right to collect on the check or the underlying
transaction. If we have to defend ourselves for letting you stop payment on a
check, you have to protect us by paying our expenses, including our reasonable
attorney’s fees.

**What if we don’t stop payment?**

We cannot stop payment of a check that has already been paid.

If you ask us to stop payment of a check and we pay it anyway, we gain whatever
rights the payee has against you. This means, if the check should have been paid,
the payee has the right to collect from you anyway, we can collect from you.
Therefore, if we pay an item that should have been stopped, before we recredit
your account, you will have to prove to us that your payment you have suffered
a loss and the cause is our failure to stop the payment.

**What kinds of checks does this NOT apply to?**

This section does not apply to items not drawn on your account, such as teller’s
checks, official (cashier’s) checks, and accepted checks (e.g., certified checks).
We have no responsibility to honor your request to stop payment of items not
drawn on your account. If we agree to stop payment on these items, we may
require you to provide us with additional security (for example, a bond or
collateral) and you agree to indemnify us for any damages and costs we incur as
a result of stopping payment of such items.

**Fee**

To stop a payment you must pay our fee, the amount of which is disclosed in the
pricing information disclosure or agreement for your account.

**DORMANT ACCOUNTS AND ESCEHAT**

A dormant account is an account that has been inactive. Generally, subject to
state law, “inactive” means there has been no deposit, withdrawal or other
communication from you about the account for the period of time as follows:

1. after 11 months for a checking account;
2. after 23 months for a savings account

For security reasons, we may refuse a withdrawal or transfer from an account
we internally classify as inactive if we cannot reach you in a timely fashion to
confirm the transaction’s authorization.

We charge a dormant account fee, unless excluded by account type or prohibited
or restricted by state law. The dollar amount and frequency is disclosed in our
pricing information disclosure.

If your account has a zero balance, we reserve the right to close it. Any accounts
linked as overdraft protection will be de-linked as part of the closure process.
Refer to CLOSING YOUR ACCOUNT for additional information.

**Escheat**

Escheat is the term that is used to describe the process of transferring an account
balance to the state government after an account has been dormant and if our
attempts to contact you fail.

The time period after which funds must escheat to the state varies from state to
state. Once the funds are transferred to the state, you may be able to recover the
funds from the state itself, but not from us.

As permitted by the state, we may deduct the cost of required due diligence
from the balance of your account. This due diligence may include first class and
certified mailings or public notices about your account’s pending escheatment,
as required by state law.

**FDIC PART 370 RECORD-KEEPING**

Record-keeping for All Accounts

FDIC Rule Part 370 may require us to collect certain information from you in
order to accurately calculate FDIC insurance coverage for your deposit account.
Failure to provide this information to us could result in the delay of deposit insurance payments

Special Provisions for Third-Party Accounts
If you have opened a deposit account on behalf of the beneficial owner(s) of the funds in the account (for example as an agent, nominee, guardian, executor, custodian of the funds held in one or other accounts for the benefit of others), those beneficial owners may be eligible for “pass-through” insurance from the FDIC. This means the account could qualify for more than the standard maximum deposit insurance amount (currently $250,000 per depositor in the same ownership capacity). If the account has transactional features (such as checking writing capabilities) and the deposit is held in one or more of the following: 12 C.F.R. 370.2(j), you as the account holder must be able to provide a record of the interests of the beneficial owner(s) in accordance with 12 C.F.R. 370.5(a) and with the FDIC’s requirements as specified below.

The FDIC has published a Deposit Broker’s Processing Guide that describes the process to follow and the information you will need to provide in the event U.S. Bank fails. That information can be accessed on the FDIC’s website at https://www.fdic.gov/deposit/deposits/brokers/. In addition, the FDIC published an Addendum to the Deposit Broker’s Processing Guide, section VIII, which is a good resource to understand the FDIC’s alternative recordkeeping requirements for pass-through insurance and is accessible at the website above. The Addendum sets forth the expectations of the FDIC for pass-through insurance coverage of any deposit accounts, including those with transactional features. The Addendum will provide information regarding the records you keep on the beneficial owners of the funds, identifying information for those owners, and the format in which to provide the records to the FDIC upon failure of U.S. Bank. You must be able to provide this information in a timely manner in order to receive payment for the insured amount of pass-through deposit insurance coverage as soon as possible. You have an opportunity to validate the capability to deliver the required information in the appropriate format so that a timely calculation of deposit insurance coverage can be made. Please contact your account representative for details on the validation process.

You agree to cooperate fully with us and the FDIC in connection with determining the insured status of funds in such accounts at any time. In the event of failure of U.S. Bank, you agree to provide the FDIC with the information described above in the required format within 24 hours of the failure of U.S. Bank. As soon as the FDIC is appointed, a hold may be placed on your account so that the FDIC can conduct the deposit insurance determination; that hold will not be released until the FDIC obtains the necessary data to enable the FDIC to calculate the deposit insurance. You understand and agree that your failure to provide the necessary data to the FDIC may result in a delay in receipt of insured funds and legal claims against you from the beneficial owners of the funds in the account. If you do not provide the required data, your account may be held or frozen until the information is received, which could delay when the beneficial owners could receive funds. Notwithstanding other provisions in this Agreement, this section survives after a receiver is appointed for us, and the FDIC is considered a third-party beneficiary of this section.

CONSUMER ELECTRONIC CHECK REPRESENTMENT
If you write a check on a personal account that we return unpaid because of insufficient or uncollected funds, the depositor of the check or the depositor’s bank may request (“represent”) the check to us electronically. That is, the depositor or the depositor’s bank may send us an electronic instruction (“electronic represented check”) to charge your account in the amount of the check.

Our Handling of Electronic Represented Checks. If we receive an electronic represented check from the depositor or the depositor’s bank, we will pay or return the electronic represented check as if the original paper check were being represented to us. The section titled “Electronic Fund Transfers” will not apply to any electronic represented check.

Ineligible or Unauthorized Electronic Represented Checks. For an electronic represented check to be charged to your account, all of the following must be true:
• the electronic represented check must have been sent to us no more than twice after the first time we returned the paper check, or no more than once after the second time we returned the paper check.

You may have the right to reverse any ineligible or unauthorized electronic represented check that we charged to your account. If you want to reverse an electronic represented check because you placed a stop payment on the paper check to which the electronic represented check relates after we returned the paper check unpaid but before it was collected electronically, you must notify us within 15 days after we send or make available to you the periodic statement that reflects payment of that electronic represented check. If you want to reverse an electronic represented check for any other reason, you must give us an ACH Claim Form within 15 days after we send or make available to you the periodic statement that reflects that electronic represented check. An ACH Claim Form may be obtained by contacting U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking or a local U.S. Bank branch. In your claim form, you must declare and swear under oath that the electronic represented check was ineligible or unauthorized. If we receive your notice or claim form within the 15-day period, we will recredit your account with the amount of the charge but will not be responsible for any other damages associated with the transaction.

Stop Payment. If you wish to stop payment of any electronic represented check, you must follow the procedures contained in the rules for stopping payment of checks, not the procedures contained in the rules for stopping payment on electronic loan or bill payments.

CHECKING ACCOUNTS AND “SUBACCOUNTS”
For regulatory accounting purposes we may designate two sub-accounts for a checking account; one sub-account is a savings (non-transaction) account and the other is a checking account. Checks and other third-party transfers are paid from the checking (transaction) account. As necessary, we transfer funds from the savings sub-account to the checking sub-account automatically. You cannot access the savings sub-account directly. This accounting device does not affect either the appearance or the operation of your checking account in any way.

TELEPHONE TRANSFERS
If you have more than one account with us, including a credit card or open-end loan account, you can transfer funds between your accounts by telephone. You will need to have a PIN, and enter your account numbers, and other qualifications, but if you meet them,
1. you can transfer funds between your accounts by calling our 24-hour phone banking (see last page of this disclosure for phone numbers), and
2. telephone transfers may be made by the same account owners/signers and usually under the same conditions as generally applicable to withdrawals made in writing or by other means.

A transfer made by telephone is not immediately completed. It may take as long as one business day for us to verify the transaction and make the transfer. Consumer customers without a debit card or ATM card can request a PIN by speaking to a 24-Hour Banking representative at 800-872-2657. A form is sent by 24-Hour Banking to the customer for completion and must be mailed back to us. A confirmation letter is mailed to the customer once the PIN has been established.

REAL-TIME PAYMENTS/PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN PAYMENTS
Real-Time Payments (“RTP”) is an electronic payment system which permits payment senders to send funds in real-time to payment receivers for deposit into the payment receiver’s account(s). This means that a payment receiver will have near immediate availability of funds sent using an RTP system. The RTP system is intended for domestic payments only. It prohibits payments which involve either a sender or receiver located outside the United States. You agree that to the extent you either send or receive payments through an RTP system, you will not use your accounts to do so on behalf of a person who is not a United States resident or other person. You agree that you will comply with all regulations of the Office of Foreign Assets Control.

REQUIRED SIGNATURES
Signature Comparison. We process certain items mechanically, based on information encoded on checks and other transaction items, and we are not required to examine items and debits drawn on your account. We collect your signature to obtain your agreement to perform the transaction on your account, but this does not create any responsibility on our part to verify signatures on items and other charges to your account.

Number of Signatures. You agree that if you
1. require the signatures of two or more persons to open an account;
2. have an account in which more than one signature is required to complete a transaction; and
3. authorize someone to transact some but not all transactions on your account;
4. authorize someone to transact business on your account for limited purposes and no others; or
5. use checks that require two or more signatures,

such arrangements are strictly between you and the other person(s) you authorize, whether you have notice of your arrangement (including in a form we provide you) or not. You cannot assert a claim against us for permitting a transaction so long as any one of the owners or authorized persons sign or initiate the transaction, even if a person exercises more authority than you have given.

CHANGES TO OUR AGREEMENT WITH YOU

We may change any term of this Agreement. We will give you reasonable notice in writing or by any other method permitted by law. You agree that in any event 30 days written notice is reasonable.

If we notify you that the terms of your account have changed, and you continue to hold your account after the effective date of the change, you have agreed to the new terms. For consumer customers, rules governing changes in interest rates are provided for separately in the Truth-in-Savings disclosure(s) or in another document.

CLOSING YOUR ACCOUNT

If you intend to close your account:

This section does not apply to an active time deposit (or certificate of deposit) account.

If you intend to close your account with us, you should tell us; simply transferring all the money in your account and reducing your account balance to $0.00 is insufficient notice and may result in additional fees charged to your account.

If you close your account,
1. you are still responsible for transactions you arranged for, including those that arrive after the account is closed; and
2. you should pay special attention to pre-authorized electronic deposits to your account and payments from that account; you should reroute the deposits to another account and make other arrangements for the payments, with us and the other institutions involved;
3. you should not close your account until all the transactions you arranged for have been cleared, and you should leave enough funds to cover them and the fees that might be due; and
4. if it is an interest-bearing account, accrued interest will not be paid.

If your account is closed and you have a debit or ATM card associated with the account, you will need to either:
1. close the associated card; or
2. select a new account to be linked to your card.

If you do not designate a new account, the bank will automatically assign your ATM/debit card to a new account from any eligible account where you are an owner/joint owner. If there are no eligible accounts the card will be closed.

We can close your account:

We can close your account, ATM or debit card for any reason or for no reason at all. If we close your account, we will send you notice within ten days after closing and/or indicate the closure on your next account statement. We will send the collected account balance to you at your last known address as reflected in our account records. At our sole discretion we may, but are not required to, withhold a sufficient sum to cover any outstanding items and likely fees. If we withhold any money for such contingencies, we will refund that to you after we are satisfied that no further withholding is necessary.

If your account is closed for any reason, you authorize us to re-open your account to process any transactions authorized prior to account closure, or for other purposes consistent with applicable law.

As part of the account closure, any accounts linked to the Checking Account as overdraft protection will be de-linked. If a U.S. Bank Reserve Line of Credit is linked as overdraft protection to a Checking Account that is closed for any reason, the Reserve Line will also be closed, and you must repay any remaining balance according to the monthly payment coupon included in your future periodic statements.

STATEMENTS AND NOTICES

Statements. We will periodically make available to you a paper or eStatement of your checking or savings account. These statements show the transactions that occurred in the time period covered by the statement. If you elect not to review your statement, you are still responsible for having access to the information provided in the statement. At our option, a statement will not be produced in any statement period in which service charges, fees, reversals, refunds or interest are the only transactions on the account. When other activity exists, such as a deposit or withdrawal, a statement will be available to you and will include all transactions which have occurred since the last statement (this includes any service charges, fees, reversals, refunds or interest that occurred since the last available statement). At a minimum, all accounts will receive an annual statement.

Regardless of how frequently a statement is made available, monthly service charges and other account fees will continue to be deducted from the account. In addition, applicable interest will continue to accrue and be paid periodically as disclosed in the product pricing information disclosure.

Combined Statements. If you have multiple accounts with us, we may at any time automatically combine your accounts on a single, easy-to-read monthly statement. We will only combine statements for accounts that have common ownership (meaning at least one owner is common across multiple accounts) and the same address (or Social Security Number).

If you prefer to continue receiving separate statements, please contact U.S. Bank within 30 days of receiving your combined statement. You may reach us by calling one of the numbers listed on the back of this disclosure, sending a letter to U.S. Bank, 60 Livingston Ave, EP-MN-WSSD, St. Paul, MN 55107, or sending a secured email by logging on to usbank.com and selecting “Contact Us”. Please include the following information in your correspondence: your name, account number(s) and the reference code “CMBSTMN.”

Your address. You must give us your correct address, and if you move or change your address, you must keep us advised. You are responsible for messages and statements we send to the most recent address you have given us. We may also update your address in our records without a request from you if we receive an address change notice from the U.S. Postal Service or if we receive updated address information from our mail services vendor.

If you agree to accept mail electronically, you must give us your accurate email address and keep us up to date with any changes to your address. You are responsible for keeping your email functioning properly, or advising us if it does not work.

Multiple owners. Periodic statements and notices that we make available to one owner or owner of an account will be the same as providing statements and notices to all owners of an account. You agree to designate the primary address for purposes of receiving statements and other account correspondence. Each account owner agrees that we may send any legal notice or legal process affecting any owner or the account to the primary address designated on the account. Each account owner agrees to notify the other owners of any legal notice received at that address pertaining to such other account owner or to the account.

Your Duty to Examine Your Statement. As used in this section, the term “problem” means any error, alteration, counterfeit check, or unauthorized transaction (including, but not limited to, forged or missing signatures and excluding consumer electronic banking transactions) related to your account. Because you are in the best position to discover any problem, you agree to promptly examine your statement and report to us any problem on or related to your statement within 30 calendar days after we mail the statement (or make the statement available) to you. You agree that we will not be responsible for:
1. any problem that you do not report to us in writing within a reasonable time not to exceed 30 calendar days after we mail the statement (or make the statement available) to you;
2. subsequent problems or fraudulent items occurring after 30 days of the first occurrence; if you fail to report the problem within 30 days of the first occurrence reported on your statement;
3. results from a forgery, counterfeit or alteration so clever that a reasonable person cannot detect it (for example, unauthorized checks made with your facsimile or other mechanical signature device or that look to an average person as if they contain an authorized signature); or
4. as otherwise provided by law or regulation.

You agree to waive any rights to recovery you may have against us if you do not provide notice to us in the manner and within the time required by this Agreement. You may not start a legal action against us because of any problem unless: (a) you have given us the above notice and (b) the legal action begins within one year after we send or make your statement available to you. You agree that if the problem is the result of a series of events (for example, multiple forgeries over a period of time) then the date the first event occurred is the date from which the period to bring a legal action will begin to run. If you make a claim against us in connection with a problem, we reserve the right to conduct a reasonable investigation before crediting your account and you agree to fully cooperate in such investigation. Within 30 days of the date of mailing, you agree to complete and return an affidavit of unauthorized paper debit on the form we provide you along with any other information we may request. You further agree to file a police report if we request. If you refuse to sign such an affidavit or fail to return the affidavit and other requested documentation within 30 days of the date we mail it to you, you agree that we may consider the matter resolved and reverse any provisional credit provided. At our sole discretion, we may, but are not obligated to, provisionally credit your account during the investigation for all or a portion of the amount claimed. Any provisional credit to your account may be reversed if you fail to fully cooperate in our investigation or, if as a result of our investigation, we determine that the charge to your account was proper.

You agree to pay any fees assessed or accrued against your account during the investigation or that may arise upon reversal of any provisional credit.

For problems involving an electronic banking transaction, please refer to the “Electronic Banking Agreement” sections of this disclosure.
This time period for you to examine your statement and report problems to us are without regard to our level of care or the commercial reasonableness of our practices, and without regard to whether cancelled checks are supplied to you.

Contact us if you do not receive your regular statement. If this is a business account, you agree that you will have at least two people review your statements, notices, and returned checks, or in the alternative, the person who reviews these will be someone who does not have authority to transact business on the account.

RETURN OF CANCELLED CHECKS

For some specific consumer and business checking accounts we currently offer two plans, with respect to the return of cancelled checks:

1. Check Safekeeping: paid checks that are not returned - your statement will show the check number, the amount, and the date it is paid; or

2. Image Checks on Statement: paid checks that are not returned - your statement will include a reduced image of the front of the check or front and back of a check in addition to the number, amount and date the check is paid as part of the statement; (See the CHECK 21 section; the images sent with your statement are not substitute checks themselves, but some may be images of substitute checks.)

Option 1 is what you will get unless you specifically ask for option 2. The checking accounts for which these options are available vary. The products and our fee structures for each option are disclosed in the Consumer Pricing Information or Business Pricing Information disclosure or agreement for your account.

(Both can be obtained by stopping in a U.S. Bank branch or for the Consumer Pricing Information only, call 800-872-2657 to request a copy.)

If you take option 1 or 2, and you have need for a specific paper check, we can provide a substitute copy to you upon request.

CHECKS, CHECKING ACCOUNTS AND SAVINGS ACCOUNTS WITH DRAFT ACCESS

NOW Accounts: Transaction accounts are NOW Accounts on which you can write negotiable orders of withdrawal. Negotiable orders of withdrawal look and function like checks, and the rules governing checks also apply to them. Depending on account features, NOW Accounts may or may not bear interest. Although we have no intention of exercising this right, federal regulations require that we reserve the right to require at least seven days’ written notice prior to withdrawal or transfer of any funds on your NOW Account.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

By the term “savings” account we mean an account that earns interest but has no specific maturity date or required notice period. (A maturity date or a required notice period is a characteristic of a time deposit or certificate of deposit.)

We will provide you with a periodic (quarterly, monthly, annually based on your account type and account activity) statement for your savings account and you must examine your statement for errors or forgeries just as you should for your checking account.

Savings Account Transaction Policy

We reserve the right to require seven days’ notice before any withdrawal from any savings account, though it is very unlikely we will require such notice and, if we do, we will require it for all savings accounts.

TIME DEPOSITS

A time deposit is more commonly known as a certificate of deposit or CD. With a time deposit, you agree to keep your deposit with us for a specified period of time, or agree to give a required advance notice prior to withdrawal, and we agree to pay you interest at an agreed upon rate, or an agreed formula for a rate, for that period of time.

We are not required to permit an early withdrawal from a time deposit, and if we do, it will be on condition that you pay an early withdrawal fee and penalty. The amount of that penalty will be disclosed to you when you open such an account.

All the features of your time deposit will be disclosed to you when you open the account. You can call 24-Hour Banking, visit a local U.S. Bank branch, or go to usbank.com to find out what CD products and terms we offer.

If your time deposit, including single maturity, automatically renewable or Individual Retirement Account CDs, remains inactive for a pre-determined period of time, as required by state, and our attempts to contact you fail we may transfer or escheat your funds to the state as required.

Escheat is the term that is used to describe the process of transferring an account balance to the state government after an account has been dormant for a pre-determined period of time, as required by state, and if our attempts to contact you fail.

The time period after which funds must escheat to the state varies from state to state. Once the funds are transferred to the state, you may be able to recover the funds from the state itself, but not from us.

As permitted by the state, we may deduct the cost of required due diligence from the balance of your account. This due diligence may include first class and certified mailings or public notices about your account’s pending escheatment, as required by state law.

LIMIT OF LIABILITY

We process millions of transactions every day, with the help of complicated technology and other companies. If we make a mistake and charged you more than we should have, or failed to give you credit you were due, we will correct the error, so long as you give us sufficient and timely notice and an opportunity to fix it. See the section above titled Statements and Notices, for your duty to pay attention to your statement and report any errors. For errors covered by the Electronic Fund Debitors Act refer to the section Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers.

You agree – to the extent allowed by law – to waive any indirect, incidental, special, consequential and punitive damages for errors or mistakes we make in good faith. This includes damages that might otherwise be available in a tort or contract action, and whether the consequences are foreseeable or not.

ELECTRONIC MESSAGES AND AGREEMENTS

Many customers use the Internet and email as their primary form of communication with us. If you provide us with an email address, you agree that we may send you communications, including account statements, notices, and our fee structures for each option are disclosed in the Consumer Pricing Information or Business Pricing Information disclosure or agreement for your account.

We will never ask you for sensitive information such as, passwords, PINs, Social Security numbers or account numbers via email. If you receive an email that appears to be from U.S. Bank asking for this type of information, immediately forward the email in its entirety (not as an attachment) to fraud_help@usbank.com.

LEVIES, GARNISHMENTS AND OTHER LEGAL PROCESS

We are a national bank with many locations. You agree that for purposes of this part, we may treat your funds as existing at any and all locations where legal process can be served upon us or on an appointed agent of ours on our behalf. You understand and agree that a creditor or governmental agency may attach your account by service of legal process on any of our locations, at any site designated by us for acceptance of service of process, on any appointed agent of ours, or on any other method authorized by law, court rule, or regulation. We may accept and comply with legal process served by any means, whether in person, by mail, facsimile, electronic transmission, or other means.

If we are served with a garnishment, levy, execution, or other legal process of apparent validity (together referred to as “legal process”), you understand and agree that we will pay all amounts in the account, or release information about your account, in satisfaction of the legal process and in compliance with our understanding of applicable law. If your account is a joint account, for purposes of responding to legal process, we will consider each joint owner to have an undivided interest in the entire account. Therefore, you agree we may pay all amounts in the account in satisfaction of any legal process, even if it attaches to the interest of fewer than all the account owners. You agree that we may pay from a joint account in satisfaction of any legal process served on us even if we do not process it on the same day it was received. If you believe your funds are exempt from legal process, or otherwise should not be subject to the legal process (for example, if you own funds and the legal process applies to another joint owner, you believe the court, garnisher, or levy authority lacks jurisdiction over you or the property, or you believe the garnishment or levy names the wrong party as garnishee), you agree that it is your responsibility to raise any defense to the legal process against the party who originated the legal process or seek reimbursement from a joint owner, and you agree that we have no obligation to do so.

If we are served with any legal process that tries to attach or in some way prevent you from freely using your funds, you give us the right, but we have no obligation, to hold any portion of the funds during any time necessary to determine to our satisfaction who has the legal right to the funds. If we are not able to determine whether the funds are subject to the legal process, you agree that we may deposit the funds with any court which we deem to have jurisdiction over us or the property in your account and ask that court to determine to whom the funds belong. You consent to the jurisdiction of such court to determine the legal right to the property in your account and agree to reimburse us for our expenses, including attorney’s fees and expenses, arising out of the service of the legal process on us and our response to it.
If the legal process requires us to release information about one or more accounts for which combined statements are provided, we may release the entire combined statement even if other accounts on the statement are not covered by the legal process.

All legal process is subject to our rights of setoff and our security interest in your account. We will assess a service fee against your account for any legal process served on us regardless of whether the process is subsequently revoked, vacated, or released. Unless expressly prohibited by law, we will set off or enforce our security interest against your account for such fee prior to honoring the legal process. We will not be liable to you if an attachment, a hold, or the payment of our fee from your account leaves insufficient funds to cover outstanding items.

**RESOLVE ACCOUNT DISPUTES AND ADVERSE CLAIMS**

If a dispute arises concerning your account (including, for example, a dispute over who is an authorized user (or owner), or if we believe we have a claim against you or we have or receive a claim by a third party (including our affiliates) to all or a portion of the property (including money, certificates of deposit, securities and other investment property, financial assets, etc.) in your account, or if we have concerns regarding your account or the use of your account, we have the right to hold any portion of the property in your account until the dispute, claim, or concern is resolved to our satisfaction. We will not be liable to you if the hold we place on your account leaves insufficient funds to cover outstanding items. For purposes of this section, “account” includes any account you have with us or any of our affiliates (including, without limitation, agency, custody, safekeeping, brokerage, and revocable trust accounts). If the dispute, claim or concern remains unresolved, you agree that we may at our option deposit the property in your account with a court and ask the court to determine to whom the property belongs. If we deposit your property with a court, you agree that we may charge your account for our costs, including attorney’s fees and expenses. Security interests covered by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act (EFTA) and/or the Electronic Funds Security Act (EFEA) will not refer to the section Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers.

**INCREASED COSTS TO MAINTAIN YOUR ACCOUNT**

If your account becomes subject to a receivership, court order or bankruptcy, and we are required to implement changes as to your account that increase our costs to maintain your account (for example, a requirement for us to pledge property to secure your account above the amount of any deposit insurance on your account), you agree to reimburse us for the additional costs and any expenses incurred by us (including legal fees) to implement such required changes as to your account.

**CONSUMER REPORT DISPUTES**

We may report information about your deposit accounts to Consumer Reporting Agencies (CRA). As a result, this may prevent you from obtaining services we (or others) might have in your deposit account. Our contractual right of setoff does not apply:

1. to an account that is an IRA or other tax-deferred retirement account;
2. to a debt that is created by a consumer credit transaction under a credit card plan (but this does not affect our rights under any consensual security interest); or
3. if our records demonstrate to our satisfaction that the right of withdrawal of that a depository/debtor has with us only arises in a representative capacity (for example, only as an authorized signer, attorney-in-fact or a fiduciary) for someone else.

This right of setoff is in addition to any other security interest that we or ours might have in your deposit account.

**SECURITY INTEREST IN ACCOUNTS**

You grant to us and our affiliates, a security interest in all your accounts with us, and all property in your accounts (including money, certificates of deposit, securities and other investment property, financial assets, etc.), to secure any amount you owe us or our affiliates. We may exercise our security interest against your account(s) to secure your account above the amount of any deposit insurance (including, public deposits, and any other debt you owe us or our affiliates. If your account is a joint account, you agree we may consider each joint owner to have an undivided interest in the entire account, so we may exercise our security interest against your account(s) to secure you or we have a claim against you or we have a claim against you or we have or receive a claim by a third party (including our affiliates) to all or a portion of the property (including money, certificates of deposit, securities and other investment property, financial assets, etc.) in your account, or if we have concerns regarding your account or the use of your account, we have the right to hold any portion of the property in your account until the dispute, claim, or concern is resolved to our satisfaction. We will not be liable to you if the hold we place on your account leaves insufficient funds to cover outstanding items. For purposes of this section, “account” includes any account you have with us or any of our affiliates (including, without limitation, agency, custody, safekeeping, brokerage, and revocable trust accounts). If the dispute, claim or concern remains unresolved, you agree that we may at our option deposit the property in your account with a court and ask the court to determine to whom the property belongs. If we deposit your property with a court, you agree that we may charge your account for our costs, including attorney’s fees and expenses. Security interests covered by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act (EFTA) and/or the Electronic Funds Security Act (EFEA) will not refer to the section Electronic Banking Agreement for Consumer Customers.

**ACCOUNT INFORMATION**

Our Privacy Pledge discloses the information we share with other entities for marketing purposes. We also may be required to provide information about you and your account when and as required or permitted by law for other purposes, such as, for example:

1. reporting of interest you earn to federal and state tax authorities;
2. reporting of cash transactions that are at reportable limits;
3. investigating and reporting of transactions that we reasonably determine to be suspicious; and
4. responding to subpoenas, court orders, or government investigations.

**SETOFF**

We have the right under the law to set off amounts you owe us against your accounts with us. For purposes of this section, “account” includes any account you have with us or any of our divisions, departments, and affiliates (including, without limitation, agency, custody, safekeeping, securities, investment, brokerage, and revocable trust accounts) and “you” includes, without limitation, your revocable trust, any partnership in which you are a general partner, any prior or successor entity by way of an entity conversion, and any other series of limited liability company (as applicable). In addition to this legal right, you give us and our affiliates the contractual right to apply, without demand or prior notice, all or part of the property (including money, certificates of deposit, securities and other investment property, financial assets, etc.) in your accounts, against any debt any one or more of you owe us or our affiliates. If your account is a joint account, you agree we may consider each joint owner to have an undivided interest in the entire account, so we may exercise our contractual right of setoff against the entire account. This includes, for example, debts that now exist and debts that you may incur later, your obligations under a guaranty, also includes all fees you owe us or our affiliates. We will not be liable to you if enforcing our rights of setoff against your account(s) leaves insufficient funds to cover outstanding items or other obligations. You agree to hold us harmless from any claim arising as the result of our enforcement of our rights of setoff in, or enforcement of our rights of setoff against, your account(s).

Our contractual right of setoff does not apply:

1. to an account that is an IRA or other tax-deferred retirement account;
2. to a debt that is created by a consumer credit transaction under a credit card plan (but this does not affect our rights under any consensual security interest); or
3. if our records demonstrate to our satisfaction that the right of withdrawal of that a depository/debtor has with us only arises in a representative capacity (for example, only as an authorized signer, attorney-in-fact or a fiduciary) for someone else.

This right of setoff is in addition to any other security interest that we or ours might have in your deposit account.

**SECURITY INTEREST IN ACCOUNTS**

You grant to us and our affiliates, a security interest in all your accounts with us, and all property in your accounts (including money, certificates of deposit, securities and other investment property, financial assets, etc.), to secure any amount you owe us or our affiliates. We may exercise our security interest against your account(s) to secure your account above the amount of any deposit insurance (including, public deposits, and any other debt you owe us or our affiliates, now or in the future. This includes, for example, debts that now exist and debts that you may incur later, your obligations under a guaranty, and also includes all fees you owe us or our affiliates. For purposes of this section, “account” includes any account you have with us or any of our affiliates (including, without limitation, agency, custody, safekeeping, securities, investment, brokerage, and revocable trust accounts) and “you” includes, without limitation, your revocable trust, any partnership in which you are a general partner, any prior or successor entity by way of an entity conversion, and any other series of limited liability company (as applicable). In order to provide us and our affiliates with control over your account(s) and all property in your account for purposes of perfecting the security interest granted above, you agree that we shall comply with any and all order, notices, requests and instructions originated by us or any of our affiliates directing disposition of the funds in your account without any further consent from you, even if such instructions are contrary to your instructions or demands or result in our dishonoring items which are presented for payment.

If your account is a joint account, you agree we may consider each joint owner to have an undivided interest in the entire account, so we may exercise our security interest against the entire account(s) in the manner described above. You agree that we may maintain such a hold until demand or prior notice to you. You agree, for purposes of this security interest, that our affiliates may comply with any instructions we give them regarding your accounts held with them, without further consent. You also agree that we may comply with any instructions regarding your accounts that we receive from our account(s) in the manner described above. You further agree that you will not discuss, compare, or share information about your account number(s) with anyone. An account number can be used by thieves to encode your number on a false demand draft which looks like and functions like an authorized check. If you furnish your access device and grant actual authority to make transfers to another person (a family member, coworker or employee, for example) who then exceeds that authority, you are liable for the transfers unless we have been notified that transfers by that person are no longer authorized.

Your account number can also be used to electronically remove money from your account. If you provide your account number in response to a telephone solicitation for the purpose of making a transfer (to purchase a service or merchandise, for example), payment can be made from your account even though you did not contact us directly and order the payment.

You must also take precaution in safeguarding your blank checks. Notify us at once if you believe your checks have been lost or stolen. As between you and us, if you are negligent in safeguarding your checks, you must bear the loss entirely yourself or share the loss with us (we may have to share some of the loss if we failed to use ordinary care and if we substantially contributed to the loss).

We reserve the right to place a hold on your account if we suspect irregular, fraudulent, unlawful or other unauthorized activity involved with your account. We may attempt to notify you of such a hold, but we are not required to provide notice prior to placing the hold. You agree that if we have reason to believe you or us or the funds held in your account, whether civil or criminal in nature, have been resolved fully in our sole satisfaction.
RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES BY ARBITRATION
PLEASE READ THIS PROVISION CAREFULLY. UNDER THIS PROVISION, YOU WAIVE YOUR RIGHTS TO TRY ANY COVERED CLAIM IN COURT BEFORE A JUDGE OR JURY AND TO BRING OR PARTICIPATE IN ANY CLASS OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE ACTION.

The following provision applies to any claim, cause of action, proceeding, or any other dispute between you, on the one hand, and us, our respective parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, employees, predecessors-in-interest, personal representatives, heirs and/or successors, and assigns, on the other hand (each a “Claim” as further defined under the heading “Claims Covered by Arbitration”), including all questions of law or fact related thereto.

Agreement to Arbitrate: Either you or we may elect in writing, and without the consent of the other, to arbitrate all Claims covered by this provision.

Claims Covered By Arbitration: Claims subject to our agreement to arbitrate shall include all of the following: (1) Claims related to or arising out of this account Agreement, or any prior or later versions of this account Agreement as well as any changes to the terms of this account Agreement; (2) Claims related to or arising out of any aspect of any relationship between us that is governed by this account Agreement, whether based in contract, tort, statute, regulation, or any other legal theory; (3) Claims related to your use of any of the digital services we make available to you through our website, online banking platforms, and mobile apps; and (4) Claims that relate to the construction, scope, applicability, or enforceability of this arbitration provision. Claims include Claims that arose before we entered into this account Agreement (such as Claims related to advertising) and after termination of this account Agreement.

Claims Not Covered By Arbitration: Claims subject to our agreement to arbitrate shall not include any Claim you file in a small claims court, so long as the Claim remains in such court and advances only an individual claim for relief.

Commencing an Arbitration: The party initiating arbitration must choose one of the following arbitration forums to administer the arbitration:

• The American Arbitration Association (“AAA”) under AAA’s Consumer Arbitration Rules, except as modified by this account Agreement. AAA’s Rules may be obtained from www.adr.org or 1-800-778-7879 toll-free.

• JAMS/Endispute (“JAMS”) under JAMS’ Comprehensive Arbitration Rules & Procedures or Streamlined Arbitration Rules & Procedures, including JAMS’ Consumer Minimum Standards, except as modified by this account Agreement. JAMS’ Class Action Procedures shall not apply. JAMS’ rules may be obtained from www.jamsadr.com or 1-800-352-5267 toll-free.

If the chosen arbitration forum is for any reason unable to serve, the parties may agree to a comparable substitute organization. If the parties are unable to agree, a court of competent jurisdiction shall appoint a substitute organization.

Arbitration Procedure: The arbitration shall be decided by a single neutral arbitrator selected in accordance with AAA’s or JAMS’ rules, as applicable. The arbitrator will decide the dispute in accordance with the terms of our account Agreement and applicable substantive law, including the Federal Arbitration Act and applicable statutes of limitation. The arbitrator shall honor claims of privilege recognized at law. The arbitrator may award damages or other relief (including injunctive relief) available to the individual claimant under applicable law. The arbitrator will not have the authority to award relief to, or against, any person or entity who is not a party to the arbitration. The arbitrator will take reasonable steps to protect customer account information and other proprietary or confidential information. Any arbitration hearing shall take place in the federal judicial district that includes your home address, unless you and we agree in writing to a different location or the arbitrator so orders. If all Claims are for $10,000 or less, you may choose whether the arbitration will be conducted solely on the basis of documents submitted to the arbitrator, through a telephonic hearing, or by an in-person hearing in accordance with AAA’s or JAMS’ rules.

At your or our request, the arbitrator will issue a reasoned written decision sufficient to explain the essential findings and conclusions on which the award is based. The arbitrator’s award shall be final and binding, subject to judicial review only to the extent allowed under the Federal Arbitration Act. You or we may seek to have the award vacated or confirmed and entered as a judgment in any court having jurisdiction.

No Class Action or Joiner of Parties: You and we agree that no class action, private attorney general, or other representative claims may be pursued in arbitration. Such action cannot be pursued in court if either you or we elect arbitration. Unless mutually agreed to by you and us, Claims of two or more persons may not be joined, consolidated, or otherwise brought together in the same arbitration (unless those persons are joint account owners or beneficiaries on your account and/or related accounts, or parties to a single transaction or related transaction). If this specific paragraph is determined by the arbitrator to be unenforceable, then this entire provision shall be null and void.

Arbitration Costs: Unless the applicable arbitration rules at the time of filing a Claim are more favorable to you, we will advance (i) all arbitration costs in an arbitration that we commence, and (ii) the first $2,500 in arbitration filing, administration, and arbitrator’s fees in an arbitration that you commence. To the extent allowed by applicable law and our agreements, the arbitrator may award arbitration costs and attorneys’ fees to the prevailing party.

Applicable Law: You and we agree that you and we are participating in transactions that involve interstate commerce and that this provision and any resulting arbitration are governed by the Federal Arbitration Act. To the extent state law applies, the laws of the state governing your account relationship apply. No state statute pertaining to arbitration shall apply.

Severability: Except as this provision otherwise provides, if any part of this provision is deemed to be invalid or unenforceable by the arbitrator, that part will be severed from the remainder of this provision and the remainder of this provision will be enforced.

ATTORNEY’S FEES
Where used, “attorney’s fees” includes our attorney’s fees, court costs, collection costs, and all related costs and expenses. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary, any provision for attorney’s fees in this Agreement shall not be enforceable in any dispute governed by the laws of California or Oregon.

Funds Availability: Your Ability to Withdaw Funds – All Accounts
This funds availability policy applies to deposits into a checking or savings account made at a branch or ATM. This policy may not apply to deposits made remotely through a mobile or other electronic device.

Some sections of this disclosure apply to all accounts and all customers. There are special sections for New Accounts, Commercial Accounts, Wealth Management Accounts and Retail Consumer and Business Accounts. We will make that clear in the section headings.

Funds “availability” means your ability to withdraw funds from your account, whether those withdrawals are to be in cash, by check, automatic payment, or any other method we offer you for access to your account. If deposited funds are not “available” to you on a given day, you may not withdraw the funds in cash and we may not use the funds to pay items that you have written or honor other withdrawals you request. If we pay items that you have written or honor other withdrawals before funds are available to you, we may charge a fee for this. Please review the product pricing information disclosure for information regarding overdraft fees associated with your account.

Please remember that even after the item has “cleared,” we have made funds available to you, and you have withdrawn the funds, you are still responsible for items you deposit that are returned to us unpaid and for any other problems involving your deposit. See our Returned Deposited and Cashier Items section.

Determining the Availability of a Deposit – All Accounts
The day funds become available is determined by counting business days from the day of your deposit. Every day is a business day except Saturdays, Sundays, and federal holidays. If you make a deposit in person at a branch on a business day we are open, we will consider that day to be the day of your deposit for purposes of calculating when your funds will become available. However, if you make a deposit at a time or on a day we are not open, we will consider that the deposit was made on the next business day we are open.

If a deposit is made after 8:00 p.m. (local time at the ATM location) or on a day we are not open, we will consider the deposit to be made on the next business day we are open.

Deposits you send by mail are considered deposited on the business day it arrives at the bank. In all cases, availability of any deposit assumes that a requested withdrawal will not overdraft the account.

Immediate Availability – All Accounts
The following types of deposits will usually be available for withdrawal immediately under normal circumstances:

• Cash (if deposited in person to an employee of ours);

• Electronic direct deposits;

• Wire transfers; and

• The first $225.00 from the total of all other deposits made on any given day.

Cash and wire transfer deposits are subject to the Special Rules for New Accounts and the $225.00 availability is subject to the rule in the section titled Longer Delays May Apply.
LONGER DELAYS MAY APPLY

Government Checks, Cashier’s Checks, and Other Types of Special Checks.
If you make a deposit of one of the following items in person to one of our employees, our policy is to make the funds from those deposits available no later than the first business day after the day of deposit:
- State and local government checks that are payable to you;
- Cashier’s, certified, and teller’s checks that are payable to you; and
- Federal Reserve Checks, Federal Home Loan Checks, and U.S. Postal Money orders that are payable to you.

If you do not make your deposit in person to an employee of the bank (for example, if you mail us the deposit), funds from these deposits may be available no later than the second business day after the day of deposit. However, we may delay funds for a longer period of time, see section titled Longer Delays May Apply – Safeguard Exceptions.

Case-by-Case Delays. In some cases, we will not make all of the funds that you deposit available to you as provided above. Depending on the type of check that you deposit, funds may not be available until the second business day after the day of your deposit. The first $225.00 of your deposit, however, will be available no later than the first business day after the day of deposit, and usually immediately.

If we are not going to make all of the funds from your deposit available on the first business day, we will notify you at the time you make your deposit. We will also tell you when the funds will be available. If your deposit is not made directly to one of our employees (including a deposit made at an ATM) or if we decide to take this action after you have left the premises, we will mail you the notice by the day after we receive your deposit.

If you will need the funds from a deposit right away, you should ask us when the funds will be available.

Safeguard Exceptions. In addition, funds you deposit by check may be delayed for a longer period under the following circumstances:
- You have overdrawn your account repeatedly in the last six months.
- Federal Reserve Checks, Federal Home Loan Checks, and U.S. Postal Money orders that are payable to you.
- Cashier’s, certified, and teller’s checks that are payable to you; and
- Federal Reserve Checks, Federal Home Loan Checks, and U.S. Postal Money orders that are payable to you.

We will notify you if we delay your ability to withdraw funds for any of these reasons, and we will tell you when the funds will be available. They will generally be available no later than the seventh business day after the day of your deposit.

SPECIAL RULES FOR NEW ACCOUNTS – RETAIL CONSUMER AND BUSINESS ACCOUNTS
If you are a new customer, the following special rules will apply during the first 30 days your account is open.

Funds from electronic direct deposits and deposits of cash and wire transfers to your account will be available on the day we receive the deposit. The first $5,525.00 of a day’s total deposits of cashier’s, certified, teller’s, traveler’s, on-us checks (checks drawn on U.S. Bank), and federal, state and local government checks will be available on the first business day after the day of your deposit if the deposit meets certain conditions. For example, the checks must be payable to you and you do not have to use a special deposit slip. The excess amount over $5,525.00 will be available on the fifth business day after the day of your deposit.

If your deposit of these checks (other than a U.S. Treasury check) is not made in person to one of our employees, the first $5,525.00 will not be available until the second business day after the day of your deposit.

Funds from all other check deposits will generally be available on the fifth business day after the day of your deposit. In certain instances, we may hold funds from other check deposits for longer than five business days. For example, if we receive a check that falls within the Safeguard Exception description above, we may delay funds for up to seven business days. If we do so, we will provide you with a hold notice at the time of deposit or when we learn that we will hold the funds from the deposit.

CASHING CHECKS
If we cash a check for you that is drawn on another bank, we may withhold the availability of a corresponding amount of funds that are already in your account. Those funds will be available at the time funds from the check we cashed would have been available if you had deposited it.

OTHER ACCOUNTS
If we accept for deposit a check that is drawn on another bank, we may make funds from the deposit available for withdrawal immediately but delay your availability to withdraw a corresponding amount of funds that you have on deposit in another account with us. The funds in the other account would then not be available for withdrawal until the day the deposited item would have been available, which will usually be the first business day after the day of deposit.

ADDITIONAL TERMS FOR BUSINESS ACCOUNTS
All other sections of this Agreement apply to consumer and business accounts alike, (except when a rule specifically says it will apply to consumers). The following sections apply to accounts used primarily for business purposes.

UNLAWFUL INTERNET GAMBLING AND OTHER ILLEGAL TRANSACTIONS
You agree that you, or anyone acting on your behalf, will not use your account, access device or banking relationship with us to facilitate illegal transactions such as those prohibited by the Unlawful Internet Gambling Act of 2006, or otherwise violate any law, rule or regulation applicable to you. If we identify a suspected illegal transaction, we may block such transactions, and further we may close your account or terminate our banking relationship with you.

DEPOSIT OF PRE-AUTHORIZED DRAFTS
A pre-authorized draft is an arrangement whereby you get authority from a person (a customer, usually) to access a deposit account owned by that person to pay a debt that person owes you. You deposit these “drafts” into a deposit account with us, and we collect them from your customers, who may have accounts with us or other banks. (These “drafts” are checks you create based on information your customer provides you, such as the customer’s name and account number, and the express permission your customer gave you to draw on his account.) When you deposit these pre-authorized drafts, you make the following agreements and warranties:
1. You have express, verifiable and binding authorization from your customer to access his, her or its account for the amount you ask us to collect;
2. You will keep the proof of your authorization in retrievable form for not less than two years from: (a) the date of the authorization of a one-time draft; or (b) from the date of revocation of the authorization of recurring drafts. You agree to provide us with such proof upon our request;
3. We may reverse any credit given to you for any draft deposited to your account and returned to us regardless of when it is returned or the reason for the return. We may take funds in your account to pay the amount you owe us, and if there are insufficient funds in your account, you will still owe us the remaining balance.
EARNINGS CREDIT

Fees for services used by you may be assessed in full to your accounts or may be offset through account analysis by applying earnings credit to your service charges to determine a single monthly net service charge. Your earnings credit rate is established by us and will change from time to time. For business accounts, the variable earnings credit rate may be zero or a negative rate. If the earnings credit rate for any of your account(s) is the variable rate, the negative rate, on which the earnings credit rate for your account(s) is based is at any time less than zero percent, you agree to pay all amounts of the negative earnings credit or fees which we impose as compensation for the negative earnings credit rate. Your net service charge could be zero if your earnings credit equals or exceeds your total charges in a given month. If your earnings credit is not sufficient to offset the amount due hereunder, you agree to pay such amounts to us upon demand.

WAIVER OF NOTIFICATION OF REDEPOSITED CHECKS

When you deposit checks to your account, you have a right to be notified whenever a check you deposit is returned unpaid. We offer a plan (to businesses who elect it) whereby we will automatically redeposit checks returned unpaid due to insufficient funds. To simplify collection of these items, you give us this right to notification for those items we redeposit. If these items are returned unpaid a second time, you will receive standard notification.

We may withhold the availability of funds represented by a redeposited check. We will notify you of such delay.

FACSIMILE SIGNATURES

You may wish to use a facsimile signature stamp or other mechanical signature device to sign checks or other orders relating to your accounts. If you do, we will, without contacting you, debit your account for items bearing an imprint that looks substantially like your authorized signature and on which such imprint on such items bears the actual facsimile signature stamp. You agree to notify us and give us a sample imprint if you plan to use such a device. If you do not give us a sample, this section still applies to your use of the device. You are responsible for the security of any mechanical signature device. We will not be responsible for payment of unauthorized items bearing an imprint from, or similar to, your authorized mechanical signature.

DEPOSITS

Truncation, Substitute Checks, and Other Check Images: If you truncate an original check and create a substitute check or other replacement document, or other paper or electronic image of the original check, you warrant that no one will be misled to believe that the substitute check or any other electronic or paper image, if the payment obligation relating to the original check has already been paid. You also warrant that any substitute check(s) you create conforms to the legal requirements and generally accepted specifications for substitute checks. You agree to retain the original check in conformance with the time requirements as outlined in your remote deposit capture agreement with us. You agree to indemnify us for any loss we may incur as a result of any truncated check transaction you initiate. We can refuse to accept substitute checks that have not previously been warranted by a bank or other financial institution in conformance with the Check 21 Act. Unless specifically stated in a separate agreement between you and us, we do not have to accept any other electronic or paper image of an original check.

Deposit Preparation, Sorting, and Endorsements: You agree to properly prepare, sort, and endorse all deposits according to requirements specified in any applicable user guides and Federal Regulation CC. We require that you include the external processing code of “6” in Position 44 of the MICR line for all remotely created checks, and we reserve the right to dishonor any remotely created check that does not meet the requirement. You agree to indemnify us for any loss we incur that results from your failure to comply with these requirements.

Requalification: If you elect to have another bank or entity receive and process all of your returned checks, such other bank’s endorsement may be obtained by our depository bank endorsement. You understand and agree that any other endorsement placed on your checks that identify another bank as the depository bank or the bank to which checks should be returned may result in illegible or double endorsements, which may delay the return of your checks. You agree we shall not be liable for any such delays.

Business Account Cash Deposits: We reserve the right to require business customers to prepare their cash using a dual pocket deposit bag that meets our specifications. At our discretion, we may process such deposits either at the branch where the deposit is made or at a cash vault location. If the deposit bag is sent to a cash vault location for processing, you will be provided with provisional credit based on the amount stated on your deposit ticket. You agree that the cash vault location will subtract the deposit amount will be determined and that we may revoke all or part of the provisional credit based on such count of the deposit amount for up to ten (10) calendar days after deposit at the branch.

FRAUD PREVENTION MEASURES FOR BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

We offer certain products and services, such as “positive pay,” and account blocks and filters that are designed to detect or deter fraud. Failure to use such services could substantially increase the likelihood of fraud. If you fail to implement any of these products or services, or if you fail to follow these or other precautions reasonable for your type of account or circumstances, you agree that you will be precluded from asserting any claims against us for paying any unauthorized, altered, counterfeited or other fraudulent item that such product, service or precaution was designed to detect or deter, and we will not be required to re-credit your account or otherwise have any liability for paying such items.

CUSTOMER SEGREGATED ACCOUNTS. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or any other agreement, we will maintain all money designated by you for split settlements from third parties or from deposited merchants, or derivatives clearing organizations—in customer segregated accounts in accordance with acknowledgement letters required by applicable SEC and CFTC rules and regulations.

ELECTRONIC BANKING AGREEMENT FOR CONSUMER CUSTOMERS

This section applies to payment orders and funds transfers governed by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act. When you enroll in online and mobile banking we will provide you with the U.S. Bank Digital Services Agreement that governs the use of all online and mobile services (“Digital Services”).

If you have any questions regarding electronic banking transactions or believe that an unauthorized transaction has occurred, please call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking or U.S. Bank Fraud Liaison Center (unauthorized transactions) (see last page for phone numbers), visit a local U.S. Bank branch or write to:

U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking
EP-MN-WSSD
60 Livingston Ave.
St. Paul, MN 55107

Please read this disclosure carefully because it tells you your rights and obligations for the transactions listed. You should keep this notice for future reference.

TYPES OF TRANSACTIONS

These are the types of Electronic Fund Transfers that you can accomplish with us (assuming you make arrangements to do so).

Electronic Fund Transfers Initiated by Third Parties. You may authorize a third party to initiate electronic fund transfers between your account and the third party’s account. These transfers to make or receive payment may be one-time occurrences or may recur as directed by you. These transfers may use the Automated Clearing House (ACH) or other payments network. Your authorization to the third parties and payees that you can initiate electronic fund transfers may result in a number of ways. In all cases, these third-party transfers will require you to provide the third party with your account number and bank information. Thus, you should only provide your bank and account number information (whether over the phone, the Internet, or via some other method) to trusted third parties whom you have authorized to initiate these electronic fund transfers. Examples of these transfers include, but are not limited to:

- Direct Deposits. You can arrange for direct deposits to your checking or savings account(s).
- Preauthorized Payments. You can arrange to pay certain recurring bills from your checking or savings account(s).
- Electronic check conversion. You may authorize a merchant or other payee to make a one-time electronic payment from your checking account using information from your check to pay for purchases or pay bills.
- Electronic returned check charge. You may authorize a merchant or other payee to initiate an electronic fund transfer to collect a charge in the event a check is returned for insufficient funds.

Expanded Account Access

What it is. Any card or PIN (personal identification number) can be used to access up to five checking, savings, line of credit and credit card account(s) held in the same name at U.S. Bank or any of its bank affiliates; and any account you open with us and our affiliates may be accessed by your card or PIN. “Access” means use of a card or account number and PIN to conduct a transaction or obtain information at ATMs, over the telephone, through personal computer banking, or any other available method. If the card or PIN is for a joint account, that card or PIN can be used to access all the accounts linked to the card or PIN account, whether joint or individual. Expanded Account Access is also applicable to your Digital Services.

The “cards” that can get Expanded Account Access. All U.S. Bank Debit Cards and ATM cards (excluding prepaid cards), and all U.S. Bank-issued Credit Cards (including, but not limited to, co-branded credit cards, and all credit lines issued through U.S. Bank and U.S. Bank affiliates).

Fees and Charges for Expanded Account Access. There are no additional fees or charges just for Expanded Account Access, but fees applicable to each applicable account will continue to apply in accordance with the terms of the applicable account agreements. The fees and terms for each of your accounts will be as disclosed in the Consumer Pricing Information disclosure. (This document can be obtained by contacting a U.S. Bank branch or calling 800-872-2657.)
The fees and terms for your personal credit cards and lines of credit are disclosed in the applicable cardmember agreement.

How to Cancel. You can visit a branch or call the U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking number at any time to cancel Expanded Account Access. If you cancel Expanded Account Access for any account, that account will not be accessible by any card or PIN other than the card or PIN specifically designated for that account.

Account Access at Automated Teller Machines
You can access up to five checking, five savings, and five line(s) of credit or credit card accounts at U.S. Bank ATMs through all your cards held in the same name (excluding prepaid cards).

You may perform the following transactions at ATMs:

- Make cash withdrawals from your checking and savings accounts associated with your card. Cash denominations vary by ATM.
- Get cash advances from your credit card account using your U.S. Bank Debit Card or ATM card. (Refer to your cardmember agreement for any cash advance fees and finance charges that may apply.)
- Deposit funds to checking and savings accounts associated with your card. Cash deposits made at a U.S. Bank ATM are credited to your account the same business day. Checks deposited before 8 p.m. local time are posted the same day. Checks deposited after 8 p.m. local time will typically be processed and posted to the account the next business day.
- Transfer funds from your account(s) associated with your card.
- Make payments to credit card or line of credit accounts from a deposit account associated with your card.
- Check the current balance of your checking, savings, credit card and line of credit accounts associated with your card.
- Request a statement showing your most recent deposit account transactions. (Refer to the Consumer Pricing Information disclosure regarding any fees for purchasing statements at ATMs. This disclosure can be obtained by contacting a U.S. Bank branch or calling 800-872-2657.)
- Change your ATM or debit card PIN.
- Make certain charitable contributions from a deposit account associated with your card.
- You may access your Home Equity Line of Credit or Personal Line of Credit for balance inquiries and making a payment to the respective line of credit at the ATM.

Some of these transactions are not available at all ATMs.

For customers with a Debit or ATM card that have accessed a Home Equity Line of Credit or a Personal Line of Credit through the expanded card access feature, cash withdrawals/advances and transferring from the Home Equity Line of Credit or Personal Line of Credit is not allowed.

Purchases at Merchants
You may use any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards to make purchases at merchants that accept Visa® or debit cards or make money transfers using your card (through a third party). You may use your U.S. Bank ATM Card and any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards to make purchases by entering your PIN at participating merchants. You may also get cash from a merchant, if the merchant permits. Purchases made with your card will result in debits to your “primary” checking account. These transactions will be itemized on your monthly statement, including the merchant name, location, the date of purchase and the amount of the purchase.

Partial Debit Card Transactions
Some merchants may be enrolled in Visa’s Partial Authorization service. This means that if you chose “No” to ATM and Debit Card Overdraft Coverage, your transaction may be approved for only part of your total purchase amount. This occurs when you do not have a sufficient Available Balance, necessary to pay for the entire transaction, at the time of the purchase. Additionally, funds from your designated account(s) linked for Overdraft Protection (if applicable) may be considered when determining the amount that is authorized.

For example, if you attempt a $30.00 transaction when your account has an Available Balance of $20.00, your purchase may be approved for $20.00 instead of the full purchase amount. As a result, the reduction of your Available Balance may be less or greater than the final debit card transaction amount presented for payment. It is important to note that your Available Balance may change between the time a debit card transaction is authorized and when the debit card transaction is presented for payment.

Debit Card Transactions
When you use your U.S. Bank Debit Card (Debit Card) for payment, the merchant requests U.S. Bank to authorize the transaction amount. We rely on the merchant to inform us if a debit card transaction is a one-time or a recurring transaction. At the time of the request, we authorize (promise to pay) or decline the merchant’s request. If we authorize (promise to pay) we will reduce your Available Balance by the amount of the merchant’s authorization request. Some merchants (e.g., hotels, restaurants, gas stations, car rental agencies) request an anticipated amount, an estimated amount of the merchant’s request. If we authorize (promise to pay) we will reduce your Available Balance by the amount of the merchant’s authorization request. Some merchants (e.g., hotels, restaurants, gas stations, car rental agencies) request an anticipated amount, an estimated amount of the merchant’s request. If we authorize (promise to pay) we will reduce your Available Balance by the amount of the merchant’s authorization request.

For security reasons, there are limitations on the transactions that you may perform with any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards or U.S. Bank ATM Cards per day. There are limitations on the number of transactions that can be performed per day and the limits may vary. For security reasons we do not disclose these limits. There are limitations on the dollar amount of cash withdrawals at ATMs and/or cash that you receive from merchants over the amount of your purchase. There are also limitations on the total dollar amount of purchases at merchants and/or cash advances at Visa® member banks you may perform during each 24-hour period beginning at 4:30 p.m. Central Time. Our standard transaction limits for ATM cards are $300.00 per day for cash withdrawals and $1,000.00 per day for purchases. Our standard transaction limits for debit cards are $500.00 per day for cash withdrawals and $1,000.00 per day for purchases and/or cash advances at banks. Our standard money transfer transaction limits for sending or receiving money through your U.S. Bank Debit Card is $10,000.00 per day. We may change these limitations based on periodic risk assessments and we reserve the right to make such changes without notice to you. Transfer limits are also subject to temporary reductions to protect the security of customer accounts or transfer systems.

INSUFFICIENT FUNDS AND OVERDRAFTS.
Please know, it is your responsibility to ensure your account has a sufficient Available Balance to cover all transactions you conduct. We recommend keeping a record of your balance and deducting every transaction at the time you initiate it.

FEES
We will charge you fees for electronic fund transfers in accordance with the information found in our Consumer Pricing Information disclosure. (This disclosure can be obtained by contacting a U.S. Bank branch or calling 800-872-2657.) The fees may be changed at any time, subject to your giving any notice required by law.

ATM Transaction Fee. U.S. Bank will assess this fee for each ATM Transaction (withdrawal, balance inquiry, denied transaction, funds transfer or deposit) conducted at the Non-U.S. Bank ATM. Non-U.S. Bank ATMs are defined as any ATM that does not display the U.S. Bank logo in any manner, physically on the ATM or digitally on the screen.

ATM Surcharge. Non-U.S. Bank ATM owners may apply a surcharge fee on ATM transactions at their ATMs.
electronic activity, you will receive an annual statement. It is titled Dormant Accounts and Escheat (refer to page 11) and you have had no transfers in a particular month. In any case, you will get the statement at our online banking site at usbank.com.

FORWARD IT TO US WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU CALL.

SCHEDULED TO OCCUR. WE MAY ALSO REQUIRE YOU TO PUT YOUR REQUEST IN WRITING AND FOR US TO RECEIVE YOUR REQUEST AND TO BE ABLE TO ACT UPON IT, WHICH IN THE CASE OF OUR ONLINE BANKING SITE AT USBANK.COM.

PREAUTHORIZED PAYMENTS

If you have arranged for automatic periodic payments to be deducted from your checking or savings account and these payments vary in amount, you will be notified by the person you are going to pay ten calendar days prior to the payment date of the amount to be deducted. If the date upon which your payment is scheduled to be deducted changes, the person you are going to pay ten calendar days prior to the payment date of the amount to be deducted. If the date upon which your payment is scheduled to be deducted changes, the person you are going to pay ten calendar days prior to the payment date of the amount to be deducted.

To confirm the completion of automatic transfers, payments and/or direct deposits, please contact U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking, log in to the U.S. Bank Mobile App or visit our online banking site at usbank.com.

Right to Stop Payment of Preauthorized Transfers

To stop a preauthorized electronic payment or transfer, please use the stop-payment tool in online banking or the mobile app or call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking (see last page for phone numbers). You must notify the bank in time for us to receive your request and to be able to act upon it, which in the case of these electronic payments, is at least three business days before the transfer is scheduled to occur. We may also require you to put your request in writing and forward it to us within 14 days after you call.

If you order us to stop one of these payments at least 3 business days before the transfer is scheduled, and we do not do so, we will be liable for your losses or damages.

OUR LIABILITY

Liability for failure to make transfers. If we do not complete a transfer to or from your account on time or in the correct amount according to our agreement with you, we will be liable for your losses or damages. However, there are some exceptions. We will not be liable, for instance:

1. If, through no fault of ours, you do not have enough money in your account to make the transfer.
2. If you have an overdraft line and the transfer would go over the credit limit.
3. If the automated teller machine where you are making the transfer does not have enough cash.
4. If the terminal or system was not working properly and you knew about the breakdown when you started the transfer.
5. If circumstances beyond our control (such as fire or flood) prevent the transfer, despite reasonable precautions that we have taken.
6. There may be other rules limitations stated in our agreement(s) with you that excuse our failure to make a requested transfer (for example, the monthly limit on certain transfers out of non-transaction savings accounts; refer to Savings Accounts, Withdrawal section on page 14 for additional details).

Authorized Transactions

We assume that all transactions performed with your U.S. Bank ATM Card or any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards and/or your personal identification number (PIN) are authorized unless you promptly notify us to the contrary. If you intentionally provide another person with the means and authority to perform electronic banking transactions using your account, any resulting transactions will be treated as if they were performed and authorized by you. Such treatment will continue until you notify U.S. Bank Fraud Liaison Center (see page 23 that the other person is no longer authorized to use your card and/or PIN (in which case the card and PIN will have to be deactivated).

UNAUTHORIZED TRANSACTIONS AND LOST OR STOLEN CARDS

An unauthorized transaction is one that another person conducts without your permission and from which you receive no benefit. In order to avoid unauthorized transactions, please observe the following basic precautions:

• Do not keep your U.S. Bank ATM Card or U.S. Bank Debit Card and personal identification number (PIN) together. Do not write your PIN on your card.
• Do not provide your card or reveal your PIN to another person.
• Notify U.S. Bank Fraud Liaison Center or any U.S. Bank branch of the loss, theft or unauthorized use of your card or PIN.

U.S. Bank Fraud Liaison Center
877-595-6256

We reserve the right to cancel, block, and not renew your access device for any reason, with or without prior notice. Reasons for suspension of access may include, for example:

• Detection of suspicious or fraudulent activity;
• Lack of usage;
• Misuse; or
• Access devices returned as undeliverable by postal service.

CONSUMER LIABILITY FOR UNAUTHORIZED TRANSFERS

Zero Liability for Transactions. Except as provided in the next paragraph, you are generally protected from liability for unauthorized use of any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards, the associated account numbers printed on them (including purchases made over the phone, online or in the U.S. Bank Mobile App and your ATM card or its associated personal identification number (PIN). You still need to report the loss or theft of these cards, PINs, and any unauthorized transactions to us as soon as you can. This is necessary so you can get any unauthorized transactions reversed, prevent further unauthorized transactions, and avoid liability for subsequent purchases we could have prevented had you given us notice. This policy also protects you from liability for other types of electronic fund transfers. Please follow the section entitled Error Resolution Notice to report any unauthorized activity on your account.

After 60 Days from Statement Notice. If you fail to give us notice of an unauthorized electronic fund transfer within 60 days of when we first deliver a statement to you that discloses that unauthorized transaction, you will be liable for all unauthorized electronic fund transfers that occur after that 60-day period expires if we could have prevented such transaction had you reported it to us within the 60-day period. This rule applies to all forms of electronic fund transfers.
(including but not limited to ATM transactions, preauthorized withdrawals, online or mobile transactions, and purchases with any of your U.S. Bank Debit Cards, etc.) that occur after the 60-day period following the first statement notice. If a good reason (such as a long trip or hospital stay) kept you from telling us, we may extend this time period.

MINNESOTA LIABILITY DISCLOSURE
If our records assign your account to a branch located in the State of Minnesota, you may bring a civil action against any person violating the consumer privacy and unauthorized withdrawal provisions of Minnesota Statutes § 47.69, and may recover, in addition to actual damages or $500.00, whichever is greater, punitive damages when applicable, and the court costs and reasonable attorney’s fees incurred.

BUSINESS DAYS
Bank “business days” are Monday through Friday. Federal holidays are not included.

CONFIDENTIALITY
We will disclose information to third parties about your account as permitted by law or the transfers you make:
1. where it is necessary for completing transfers; or
2. in order to verify the existence and condition of your account for a third party, such as a credit bureau or merchant; or
3. in order to comply with government agency or court orders; or
4. if you give us your written permission; or
5. according to our privacy pledge, which generally permits us to share information with companies that perform marketing or other services on our behalf.

ERROR RESOLUTION NOTICE
In case of errors or questions about your electronic transfers, call U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking at a number on the last page, visit any U.S. Bank branch or write us at the address listed below, as soon as you can, if you think your statement or receipt is wrong or if you need more information about a transfer listed on the statement or receipt. We must hear from you no later than 60 days after we sent the FIRST statement on which the problem or error appeared.
1. Tell us your name and account number (if any).
2. Describe the error or the transfer you are unsure about and explain as clearly as you can why you believe it is an error or why you need more information.
3. Tell us the dollar amount of the suspected error.
4. If you tell us orally, we may require that you send us your dispute or question in writing within ten business days. We will determine whether an error occurred within ten business days after we hear from you and will correct any error promptly. If we need more time, however, we may take up to 45 days to investigate your dispute or question. If we decide to do this, we will credit your account within ten business days for the amount you think is in error, so that you will have the use of the money during the time it takes us to complete our investigation. If we ask you to put your dispute or question in writing and we do not receive it within ten business days, we might not provisionally credit your account.

For errors involving new accounts, point-of-sale, or foreign-initiated transactions, we may take up to 90 days to investigate your dispute or question. If we decide to do this, we will credit your account for the amount you think is in error. We will tell you the results within three business days after completing our investigation. If we decide that there was no error, we will send you a written explanation.

You may ask for copies of the documents that we used in our investigation. Write to us at:

U.S. Bank
EP-MN-WS5D
60 Livingston Ave.
St. Paul, MN 55107

Error resolution and contact information with respect to online and mobile banking services is provided in our Digital Services Agreement. The online banking site may be accessed by going to the U.S. Bank web site at usbank.com and following the directions to log in to online and mobile banking. More detailed information is available on request.

NOTICE OF ATM/NIGHT DEPOSIT FACILITY USER PRECAUTIONS
As with all financial transactions, please exercise discretion when using an automated teller machine (ATM) or night deposit facility. For your own safety, be careful. The following suggestions may be helpful:

1. Prepare for your transactions at home (for instance, by filling out a deposit slip) to minimize your time at the ATM or night deposit facility.
2. Mark each transaction in your account record, but not while at the ATM or night deposit facility. Always save your ATM receipts. Do not leave them at the ATM or night deposit facility because they may contain important account information.
3. Compare your records with the account statements you receive.
4. Do not lend your ATM card to anyone.
5. Remember, do not leave your card at the ATM. Do not leave any documents at a night deposit facility.
6. Protect the secrecy of your Personal Identification Number (PIN). Protect your ATM card as though it were cash. Don’t tell anyone your PIN. Don’t give anyone information regarding your ATM card or PIN over the telephone. Never enter your PIN in any ATM that does not look genuine, has been modified, has a suspicious device attached, or is operating in a suspicious manner. Don’t write your PIN where it can be discovered. For example, don’t keep a note of your PIN in your wallet or purse.
7. Prevent others from seeing you enter your PIN by using your body to shield their view.
8. If you lose your ATM card or if it is stolen, promptly notify us. You should consult the other disclosures you have received about electronic fund transfers for additional information about what to do if your card is lost or stolen.
9. When you make a transaction, be aware of your surroundings. Look out for suspicious activity near the ATM or night deposit facility, particularly if it is after sunset. At night, be sure that the facility (including the parking area and walkways) is well lighted. Consider having someone accompany you when you use the facility, especially after sunset. If you observe any problem, go to another ATM or night deposit facility.
10. Do not accept assistance from anyone you do not know when using an ATM or night deposit facility.
11. If you notice anything suspicious or if any other problem arises after you have begun an ATM transaction, you may want to cancel the transaction, pocket your card and leave. You might consider using another ATM or coming back later.
12. Do not display your cash; pocket it as soon as the ATM transaction is completed and count the cash later when you are in the safety of your own car, home, or other secure surrounding.
13. At a drive-up facility, make sure all the car doors are locked and all of the windows are rolled up, except the driver’s window. Keep the engine running and remain alert to your surroundings.
14. We want the ATM and night deposit facility to be safe and convenient for you. Therefore, please tell us if you know of any problem with a facility. For instance, let us know if a light is not working or there is any damage to a facility. Please report any suspicious activity or crimes to both the operator of the facility and local law enforcement officials immediately.

ELECTRONIC BANKING AGREEMENT FOR BUSINESS CUSTOMERS
This section governs transactions initiated by you or your employees using a U.S. Bank Business Debit Card or ATM Card, or other U.S. Bank card products offered to business customers from time to time by U.S. Bank (“Business Debit Card(s)”). Your use of business debit cards is subject to the fees and terms of your checking and savings accounts as set forth elsewhere in this Agreement and in related disclosures and fee schedules, which are available at any branch in your state. Some ATM networks impose an additional transaction fee unrelated to our fees and charges and may be assessed to your account. Other electronic transactions against your account, whether or not initiated or authorized by you will be governed by the specific Agreement between us related to such transactions and/or all applicable rules and regulations governing such transactions, including without limitation, the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association (NACHA) as may be amended from time to time.

Under NACHA rules we cannot return an unauthorized electronic transaction (ACH debit) unless you notify us no later than 5:00 p.m. Central Time on the business day following the settlement date of the transaction. Otherwise, your sole recourse is to the originator of the transaction.

ACCOUNT ACCESS
Any business debit card or personal identification number (PIN) issued to or selected by you, except sole proprietors who choose to have a sole proprietor business debit card, may access only related business checking or business savings accounts (for example, accounts with the same name or tax identification number). Sole proprietor business debit cards, however, can access up to five checking accounts, five savings accounts, and five line of credit or credit card accounts through Expanded Account Access. Sole proprietor cards may access business and personal accounts. For more information on Expanded Account Access, see the Consumer Electronic Banking Agreement.

Access methods will differ depending on the business debit card selected by you and approved by us. All business debit card services may not be available depending on the access method selected.
LIMITS ON TRANSFERS

New Accounts
Generally, you cannot make deposits at a non-U.S. Bank ATM. If we permit a deposit at an ATM that is not identified as ours with the U.S. Bank name, your deposit will not be available until the fifth business day after the day of deposit.

Security
For security reasons, there are limitations on the transactions that you may perform with any of your U.S. Bank Business Debit Cards or U.S. Bank Business ATM Cards, per day. There are limitations on the number of transactions that can be performed per day and the limits may vary. For security reasons we do not disclose these limits. There are limitations on the dollar amount of cash withdrawals at ATMs and/or cash that you receive from merchants over the amount of your purchase. There are also limitations on the total dollar amount of purchases at merchants and/or cash advances at Visa® member banks you may perform during each 24-hour period beginning at 4:30 p.m. Central Time. Our standard transaction limits for business ATM cards are $500.00 per day for cash withdrawals and $2,500.00 per day for purchases. Our standard transaction limits for business debit cards are $500.00 per day for cash withdrawals and $10,000.00 per day for purchases and/or cash advances at banks. Our standard money transfer transaction limits for sending or receiving money through your U.S. Bank Debit Card is $10,000.00 per day. We may change these limitations based on periodic risk assessments and we reserve the right to make such changes without notice to you. Transfer limits are also subject to temporary reductions to protect the security of customer accounts or transfer systems.

Debit Card Transactions
When you use your U.S. Bank Business Debit Card (Debit Card) for payment, the merchant requests U.S. Bank to authorize the transaction amount. We rely on the merchant to inform us if a debit card transaction is a one-time or a recurring transaction. At the time of the request, we authorize (promise to pay) or decline the merchant’s request. If we authorize (promise to pay) we will reduce your Available Balance by the amount of the merchant’s authorization request. Some merchants (e.g., hotels, restaurants, gas stations, car rental agencies) request an authorization and posted to the merchant account instead of the full purchase amount. As a result, the reduction of your Available Balance may be less or greater than the final debit card transaction amount presented for payment. It is important to note that your Available Balance may change between the time a debit card transaction is authorized and when the debit card transaction is presented for payment.

Debit card authorizations will be reflected as pending transactions from the time we receive authorization until the merchant presents the item for payment, a completion message is received, or three business days, whichever occurs first. If the debit card authorization has not been presented for payment after three business days, it will be removed from your pending transactions and your Available Balance will no longer be reduced by the authorization amount. Due to prior authorization (promise to pay), if the debit card transaction is presented for payment at a later date we will pay the item regardless of your Available Balance.

If any debit card transaction results in a negative Available Balance at the time it is presented for payment—even if your Available Balance was positive at the time the debit card transaction was authorized—you may be charged an Overdraft Paid Fee. For more information on Available Balance please see the section titled INSUFFICIENT FUNDS AND OVERDRAFTS.

Please know, it is your responsibility to ensure your account has a sufficient Available Balance to cover all transactions you conduct. We recommend keeping a record of your balance and deducting every transaction at the time you initiate it.

Account Access at Automated Teller Machines
You may use any of your Business Debit Cards (except as noted below in Employee Debit Cards and ATM Cards) to make the following transactions at ATMs:

- Make cash withdrawals from your checking and savings accounts. Cash withdrawals vary by ATM.
- Get cash advances from your credit card or line of credit account. (Refer to your cardmember agreement for any cash advance fees and finance charges that may apply.)
- Deposit funds to checking and savings accounts associated with your card. Cash deposits made at a U.S. Bank ATM are credited to your account the same business day. Checks deposited before 8 p.m. local time are posted the same day. Checks deposited after 8 p.m. local time will typically be processed and posted to the account the next business day.
- Transfer funds from your account associated with your card.
- Make payments to credit card or line of credit accounts from a deposit account associated with your card.
- Check the current balance of your linked checking, savings, credit card and line of credit accounts.
- Request a statement showing your most recent deposit account transactions. (Refer to your account fee disclosures regarding any fees for purchasing statements at ATMs.)
- Change your ATM or debit card PIN.
- Make certain charitable contributions from a deposit account associated with your card.

Some of these transactions are not available at all ATMs.

Purchases at Merchants
You may use any of your Business Debit Cards (except as noted below in Employee Debit Cards and ATM Cards) to make purchases at Visa® merchants that accept debit cards or make money transfers using your card (through a third party). You may use any of your business debit cards to make purchases by entering your PIN at participating merchants. You may also get cash from a merchant, if the merchant permits. Purchases made with your card will result in debits to your “primary” checking account. These transactions will be itemized on your monthly statement, including the merchant name, location, the date of purchase and the amount of the purchase.

Employee Debit Cards and ATM Cards
Business debit cards issued to employees only allow ATM deposits at an automated teller machine. They do not allow ATM cash withdrawals. Employee ATM cards do not have purchase access at merchants.

Other Electronic Transactions
In addition to transactions initiated by using your business debit card, there are some banking transactions that you may arrange through your account. These include:

- Telephone/personal computer activated transfers of funds from your accounts with us to other accounts with us or to third parties. These include but are not limited to transfers made by telephone, text, online and mobile banking.
- Automatic transfer of funds between checking and savings accounts.
- Automatic periodic payments to third parties or us from checking or savings accounts (for example, monthly mortgage payments, installment loan payments, insurance payments, retirement payments). For security reasons, insurance payments, retirement payments and periodic payments may not be made to other than Visa® member bank.
- Direct deposit to checking or savings accounts (for example, payroll checks, social security payments).
- Electronic check conversions from your checking account using a blank, partial or fully completed personal check at merchant locations.
- Payments made to your account through your U.S. Bank Debit Card.
- You can also use any of your Business Debit Cards to obtain a cash advance from your checking account at any Visa® member bank anywhere in the world.

FEES
We will charge you fees for electronic fund transfers in accordance with the information found in our Business Pricing Information disclosure. The fees may be changed at any time, subject to our giving you any notice required by law.

ATM Transaction Fee. U.S. Bank will assess this fee for each ATM Transaction (withdrawal, balance inquiry, denied transaction, funds transfer or deposit) conducted at the Non-U.S. Bank ATM. Non-U.S. Bank ATMs are defined as any ATM that does not display the U.S. Bank logo in any manner, physically on the ATM or digitally on the screen.

ATM Surcharge. Non-U.S. Bank ATM owners may apply a surcharge fee on ATM transactions at their ATMs. U.S. Bank participates in MoneyPass®, an ATM surcharge free network. To find MoneyPass ATM locations, select “Show MoneyPass® ATM Network locations” in the ATM locator https://locations.usbank.com/search.html. If you use an ATM that uses the MoneyPass® Network and are charged a surcharge fee, please contact us at 800-USBANKS (872-8267) for a refund of the surcharge fee.

USING YOUR CARD FOR INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS
You may use your business debit card for retail purchases with international merchants, for international cash advances and all transactions performed at international ATMs that bear any of the network logos found on your card. Refer to our Business Pricing Information disclosure for fee information. (This disclosure can be obtained by stopping into a U.S. Bank branch. We may block certain transactions in certain foreign countries. Call us at 800-673-3555 for more information.) Some merchant and ATM transactions, even if you and/or the merchant or ATM are located in the United States, are considered international transactions under the applicable network rules, in which case we will add International Processing Fees to those transactions. U.S. Bank does not control how these merchants, ATMs, and transactions are classified for this purpose. If the transaction requires a currency conversion, the exchange rate in effect when processed may differ from the rate in effect on the date of the transaction or the date of the posting to your Account.

Transactions processed through the Visa® system will be converted according to the applicable rules established by Visa®. The foreign currency transaction will be converted to U.S. Dollars by multiplying the amount of the foreign currency times (a) a rate selected by Visa® from the range of rates available in wholesale
currency markets for the applicable central processing date, which rate may vary from the rate Visa® itself receives, or (b) the government-mandated rate in effect for the applicable central processing date. For transactions processed through other networks, the international currency transaction will be converted by that network in accordance with their rules.

Additional fees may apply. If you need to contact us about your card while outside of the United States, call us collect at 503-401-9991.

BALANCE REQUIREMENTS
Transactions using your business debit card will be completed only if sufficient funds are available in the applicable account balance, overdraft protection or other linked credit facility to fully perform the transaction.

UNAUTHORIZED TRANSACTIONS AND LOST OR STOLEN CARDS AND SECURITY
You are solely responsible for maintaining the security of your business debit cards and PINs and their use by you and your employees and other agents. You shall be liable for the acts of your employees and agents related to your business debit cards, including business debit card applications and other service requests. If you provide another person with the means to perform transactions related to your accounts using your business debit card or PIN, any resulting transactions will be treated as if they were performed and authorized by you.

You are generally protected from liability for unauthorized use of your business debit card.

The U.S. Bank Zero Liability policy is subject to certain conditions. If we determine that the unauthorized transaction was caused by your gross negligence or fraud, the U.S. Bank Zero Liability policy will not apply. You still need to report the loss or theft of these cards, PINs, and any unauthorized transactions to us as soon as you can. This is necessary so you can get any unauthorized transactions reversed, prevent further unauthorized transactions, and avoid liability for subsequent purchases we could have prevented had you given us notice.

You must report an unauthorized debit card transaction to us within a reasonable time, not to exceed 60 days, from the day we send or make your account statement available to you on which an unauthorized transaction is first reported. If you fail to give us notice of an unauthorized debit card transaction within 60 days of when we first deliver a statement to you that discloses that unauthorized transaction, you will be liable for all debit card transactions that occur after that 60-day period expires if we could have prevented such transaction had you reported it to us within the 60-day period.

Please be aware that consumer rights governed by the Electronic Fund Transfer Act do not apply to business accounts and we are not liable to reimburse you for unauthorized or erroneous transactions that may occur on your business account via electronic fund transfer.

If you believe that an erroneous or unauthorized transaction has occurred using your business debit card, or if your card has been lost or stolen, or if you want to cancel a business debit card issued to you or your employee/agent, or if you want to change your PIN, you must immediately telephone us at:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. Bank 24-Hour Banking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cincinnati Metro Area: 513-632-4141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denver Metro Area: 303-585-8585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milwaukee Metro Area: 414-765-4636</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Louis Metro Area: 314-425-2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minneapolis/St. Paul Metro Area: 612-USBANKS (872-2657)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland Metro Area: 503-USBANKS (872-2657)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Areas: 800-USBANKS (872-2657)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside the U.S.: 503-401-9991 (call collect)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. Bank Business Service Center</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monday - Friday: 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. CT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday: 8:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. CT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minneapolis/St. Paul Metro Area: 651-244-7770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Areas within the U.S.: 800-673-3555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outside the United States: 503-401-9992</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. Bank Fraud Liaison Center</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>877-595-6256</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

U.S. Bank accepts relay calls.